

ENDOCRINE & REPRODUCTION-II MODULE 4th Year MBBS

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Khyber Medical University (KMU) Vision:

Khyber Medical University will be the global leader in health sciences academics and research for efficient and compassionate health care.

Khyber Medical University (KMU) Mission:

Khyber Medical University aims to promote professional competence through learning and innovation for providing comprehensive quality health care to the nation.

Institute of Health Professions Education & Research (IHPER) Mission:

To produce leaders, innovators and researchers in health professions education who can apply global knowledge to resolve local issues.

Table 1: Themes

S. No	Theme	Duration in days
1	Tall/short stature	3
2	Neck swelling and Muscle cramps	6
3	Excessive thirst and urination	6
4	Moon face	5
5	Infertility and pregnancy	15
6	Breast lump	3

Teaching Hours Allocation

Table 2: Total hours of different subjects

S#	Subject	Hours
1	Pathology	44
2	Pharmacology	23
3	Forensic medicine	16
4	Medicine	19
5	Community medicine	30
6	Gynaecology	14
7	Surgery	05
8	Paediatrics	02
9	Physiology	02
10	Urology	01
11	Neurosurgery	01
12	Family medicine	03
13	PRIME/MEDICAL EDUCATION	2
14	Research*	14**
	Total	162

^{*} Two hours per week for research project in the whole academic session

^{**}these hours are neither included in total hours nor in assessment as separate marks have been allotted to research in viva

Learning Objectives

By the end of Endocrine & Reproduction Module, 4th year MBBS students will be able to:

- 1) Describe the pathology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hyper and hypopituitarism
- 2) Describe the pathology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hyper and hypothyroidism, and hypoparathyroidism
- 3) Describe the classification, pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Diabetes mellitus
- 4) Explain the pathology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hyper and hypoadrenalism
- 5) Explain the causes of male and female infertility and its management
- 6) Explain the classification, pathology, and management of testicular tumors
- 7) Explain benign and malignant breast disease
- 8) Discuss the etiology, risk factors, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of carcinoma of breast
- 9) Describe the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of pituitary, gonadal, pancreatic, thyroid, and adrenocortical hormones, their synthetic analogues and antagonists, and their role in the management of relevant disease conditions
- 10) Formulate prescriptions for patients with Graves' disease and Diabetes mellitus
- 11) Discuss the laws related to sexual offenses, and management of a rape victim in forensic aspects
- 12) Explain the pathophysiology and surgical management of benign prostatic hyperplasia and carcinoma of the prostate

Table 3: Theme Wise Learning Objectives

Theme-1: Tall / short stature			
Subject	Topic	Hours	Learning Objectives
Pathology	Pituitary gland- Physiological anatomy Hyperpituitarism/Pituitary adenomas: Prolactinomas Somatotrophic tumors Corticotrophic tumors others	1	Explain the gross and microscopic structure of pituitary gland Explain the functions of hormones of the anterior and posterior pituitary gland and their regulation by the Hypothalamus Explain the causes of hyperpituitarism Discuss the gross and microscopic structure of pituitary adenomas, and the hormones secreted from these Explain the clinical manifestations of different types of pituitary adenomas
	• Others		

	Hypopituitarism	1	Describe the etiology and clinical manifestations of hypopituitarism
Medicine	Acromegaly/Gigantism	2	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, treatment, and complications of
			Acromegaly/gigantism
	Hyperprolactinemia		Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of
	Hypopituitarism/Sheehan`s		hyperprolactinemia Explain the etiology, clinical features,
	syndrome		investigations and treatment of Hypopituitarism
			and Sheehan`s syndrome
Pharmacology	Growth hormone	1	Describe the sources of Growth hormone (old and
			new sources)
			Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses,
			and adverse effects of Growth hormone
	Growth hormone	•	Enlist Growth hormone antagonists
	antagonists (Octreotide		
	and others)		Describe the clinical role of Octreotide in
			acromegaly
			Describe the route of administration, dosage,
			and adverse effects of octreotide in acromegaly
			and gigantism

	Bromocriptine	1	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects of Bromocriptine
Paediatrics	Short stature	1	Describe the method to measure and plot height; and calculate height velocity and midparental, target height to allow early diagnosis of growth disorders in paediatric patients Explain the diagnostic criteria that allow to differentiate causes of growth deficiency Discuss the tools for better communication with patients and families and coordination of multidisciplinary care Discuss treatment of growth hormone deficiency or other diseases responsible for short stature and their appropriate management
Neurosurgery	Surgical management of pituitary adenoma	1	Explain the surgical treatment and complications of pituitary macro/microadenomas
Community medicine	Occupational Health: Introduction	1	Define occupational health Discuss importance of occupational health Describe ergonomics Describe principles and responsibilities of occupational health officer [OHO]

Physica	hazards	1	Enumerate physical hazards (heat, cold, noise, light, vibrations, pressure effect, Radiations) Discuss its ill effects on health Discuss its preventive measures
Chemic	al hazards	1	Enumerate chemical hazards (inorganic dust diseases, organic dust diseases, metals & chemicals) Discuss its ill effects on health Discuss preventive measures
Mechan	ical, Biological & omatic hazards	1	Describe mechanical hazards Discuss control measures of mechanical hazards Discuss control measures of mechanical hazards Discuss control measures of biological hazards Describe psychosomatic stressors Discuss control measures of psychosomatic stressors
Animal	hazards	1	Describe types, prevalence, and statistics of snake bite Discuss prevention and management of snake bite Discuss causes of poor management with respect to awareness and vaccination

	Preventive measures, health insurance, social security schemes	1	Describe various preventive measures of occupational hazards (Medical engineering and legal measure) Discuss role and benefits of health insurance Discuss social security and its benefits
	Demography: Introduction	3	Define demography and various related terms Explain and interpret population pyramid Explain demographic transition Describe the causes of high and low fertility and mortality
	Growth rate Demographic indicators		Define population growth rate, CDR, CBR Describe growth rate Describe population explosion & its implications Explain advantages of population control Describe the demographic indicators of Pakistan
PRIME/MEDICAL EDUCATION	Dealing with patients Community Need analysis	1	Serve the patient as an individual, considering lifestyle, beliefs, and support system Identify the health care needs of community.

	Theme-2: Neck swell	ling aı	nd muscle cramps
Physiology	Physiologic anatomy of the	1	Explain the gross and microscopic structure of
	Thyroid gland		Thyroid gland
			Explain the synthesis and functions of hormones
			of the thyroid gland and their regulation by the
			anterior pituitary
Pathology	Hyperthyroidism including	1	Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis and
	Grave`s disease		morphology of Hyperthyroidism and Grave`s
			disease
	Hypothyroidism	1	Discuss the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology,
			and clinical features of Hypothyroidism
	Thyroiditis	1	Discuss the classification, morphology, and
			presentations of Thyroiditis
	Multinodular goitre		Explain the etiology, clinical features, and
			complications of multinodular goitre
	Thyroid malignancies	1	Classify thyroid malignant disorders
			Explain morphology, clinical features, and
			prognosis of thyroid malignancies
Medicine	Hyperthyroidism including	1	Discuss the etiology, clinical features,
	Grave`s disease		investigations and treatment and prognosis of
			Hyperthyroidism and Grave`s disease

			Explain the pathogenesis, clinical features, and management of Grave's Ophthalmopathy
Hypothyroid	dism	2	Discuss the types, etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hypoparathyroidism
Thyroiditis			Describe the classification, etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Thyroiditis
Multinodula	ar goitre	1	Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and management approach to a patient with multinodular goitre
Thyroid ma	lignancies		Classify thyroid malignant disorders Discuss the pathogenesis, clinical features, investigations, and management of Thyroid malignancies
Hyperparat	hyroidism	1	Discuss the types, etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hyperparathyroidism
Hypoparath	yroidism		Discuss the types, etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Hypoparathyroidism

Pharmacology	Thyroid hormones	1	Enlist thyroid preparations (used clinically as well as older-obsolete ones) Describe the mechanism of action, pharmacological effects, clinical use, and
	Antithyroid drugs	2	adverse effects of Thyroxine (T ₄) and Triiodothyronine (T ₃) Classify Antithyroid drugs
			Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects of Thioamides Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects of Potassium iodide Describe Lugol's iodine solution Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use,
			and adverse effects of Radioactive iodine (¹³¹ I) Describe the use of β-blockers in hyperthyroid patients
Paediatrics	Congenital hypothyroidism	1	Discuss the types and clinical features of hypoparathyroidism Discuss investigations and treatment of
Community medicine	lodine deficiency / Goitre	1	Hypoparathyroidism Discuss sources of iodine and goitrogens Discuss iodine deficiency disorders and daily requirement of lodine
			Explain the epidemiological determinants and control strategies for iodine deficiency/goitre

Theme-3: Excessive thirst and urination			
Pathology	Diabetes Mellitus	1	Classify Diabetes mellitus
	 Classification 		Explain the diagnostic criteria of DM
	 Diagnosis 		Explain the mechanisms of insulin resistance
	Insulin resistance		Explain the mechanisms of beta cell dysfunction
	Beta cell dysfunction		Explain the acute and chronic complications of
	 Complications 		DM
	o Acute		
	o Chronic		
	Pancreatic neuroendocrine	1	89 Describe the types and clinical
	tumors		presentations of pancreatic
			neuroendocrine tumors
Medicine	Diabetes mellitus	2	Explain the different types of DM
	• Types		Discuss the mechanism presentation, and
	• Insulin resistance		management of insulin resistance
	syndromes		Discuss the clinical features of DM
	• Clinical features		Explain the diagnostic workup of a patient with
	investigations		DM
	Treatment		Classify the pharmacological treatment of DM
	• Complications		Explain lifestyle modifications in the
			management of DM

		1	Discuss the acute and chronic complications of DM
	Hypoglycemic coma	1	Explain the etiology, clinical features and management of hypoglycemic coma
	Diabetic ketoacidosis	1	Explain the precipitating factors, diagnostic work up, and treatment of a patient with diabetic ketoacidosis
	Hyperosmolar non-ketotic diabetic coma		Explain the precipitating factors, diagnostic work up, and treatment of a patient with Hyperosmolar non-ketotic diabetic coma
	Lactic acidosis		Explain the precipitating factors, diagnostic work up, and treatment of a patient with Lactic acidosis
	Posterior pituitary gland	1	Discuss the functions of hormone Vasopressin secreted by the posterior pituitary gland Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of Diabetes insipidus
	SIADH		Explain the etiology, and pathogenesis of SIADH secretion
Pharmacology	Insulin	1	Classify Insulins Describe the sources of Insulin

	Oral hypoglycemic drugs	2	Describe the differences between the human, bovine and porcine Insulins Describe the mechanism of action and clinical uses of Insulin Describe the complications of Insulin therapy Describe the management of hypoglycemia caused by Insulin Describe the management of diabetic ketoacidosis Classify oral hypoglycemic drugs Enlist euglycaemic drugs
		Describe the mechanism of action and adverse effects of Sulphonylureas Describe the mechanism of action and clinical use of Meglitinides Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects of Biguanides Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects of Thiazolidinediones Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use, and adverse effects of α-glucosidase inhibitors	

			Describe the mechanism of action and clinical
			use of Pramlintide, Exenatide and Sitagliptin
	Glucagon	1	Describe the mechanism of action and clinical
			use of Glucagon
	Vasopressin/Desmopressin		Describe the mechanism of action, clinical use,
			and adverse effects of Desmopressin
			Enlist the drugs used in nephrogenic diabetes insipidus
Paediatrics	Management of Type 1 Diabetes mellitus in	1	Enumerate the blood glucose parameters and the clinical signs for an early diagnosis of diabetes in a child.
	children		Recognize how diabetes may present in young children or babies, to make the diagnosis and prevent coma or death
			Plan investigations and management plan for a newly diagnosed and a known diabetic child.
C	Non communicable	2	Enumerate the different types of insulins.
Community medicine	Non-communicable	2	Discuss Prevalence of diabetes mellitus globally and in Pakistan
	diseases:		Discuss modifiable and non-modifiable risk
	Prevention of diabetes		factors for diabetes mellitus
	mellitus		Describe epidemiological determinants of diabetes mellitus
			Discuss screening methods for diabetes mellitus
			Discuss the prevention (Primary, secondary, and tertiary) and care of diabetes mellitus

	Theme-4	: Moc	on face
Physiology	Physiology of the Adrenal	1	Explain the gross and microscopic structure of
	cortical hormones		Adrenal gland
			Explain the synthesis and functions of hormones
			of the adrenal cortex and their regulation by the
			anterior pituitary
Pathology	Hypercortisolism and	1	Discuss the etiology of Hypercortisolism
	Cushing`s syndrome		Explain the etiology and clinical features, of
			Cushing`s syndrome
	Hyperaldosteronism	1	Explain the etiology, and presentation of primary
			Hyperaldosteronism
	Adrenogenital syndrome		Explain the etiology, clinical features, of
			Adrenogenital syndrome
	Adrenal insufficiency	1	Classify adrenal insufficiency in the context of its
	Primary (Acute and		etiology
	Chronic)		Discuss the clinical presentations and
	 Secondary 		complications of adrenal insufficiency
	Adrenal neoplasms	1	Discuss the types of adrenal neoplasms
			Explain the morphology, and clinical features of
			adrenal neoplasma
	Pheochromocytoma	1	Explain the morphology, and clinical features of
			Pheochromocytoma

	Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia syndromes (MEN)	Classify Multiple endocrine neoplasia syndrome Explain the morphology and clinical features of MEN
Medicine	Hypercortisolism and 1 Cushing`s syndrome	Explain the etiology, clinical features, diagnostic workup, and management of Hypercortisolism/Cushing`s syndrome
	Primary 1 Hyperaldosteronism	Explain the etiology, clinical features, diagnostic workup, and management of Primary Hyperaldosteronism
	Adrenogenital syndrome 1	Explain the etiology, clinical features, diagnostic workup, and management of Adrenogenital syndrome
	Adrenal insufficiency 1	Classify adrenal insufficiency
	Primary (Acute and Chronic)Secondary	Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of primary Addison's disease
		Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and treatment of pituitary adrenal insufficiency
	Adrenal neoplasms 1	Explain the types of adrenal tumors Discuss the clinical presentations, diagnostic workup, and treatment of adrenal tumors

	Pheochromocytoma Gastro-entero-pancreatico- neoroendocine tumors (GEP-NETs) including Carcinoid tumors	1	Explain the clinical features, investigations, management, and complications of Pheochromocytoma Explain the clinical features, investigations, management of GEP-NETs/Carcinoid tumors
Pharmacology	Glucocorticoids	1	Classify Glucocorticoids Describe the mechanism of action, pharmacological effects, clinical uses, and adverse effects of glucocorticoids Describe dexamethasone suppression test Enlist Glucocorticoid antagonists/synthesis
	antagonists/synthesis inhibitors		inhibitors Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses and adverse effects of Mifepristone, Ketoconazole, Metyrapone and Aminoglutethimide
	Aldosterone antagonists		Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects of Spironolactone (apart from being used as diuretic)
Community medicine	Introduction to nutrition, basic measurements & allowances Macronutrients	8	Classify nutrients Discuss quality of nutrients in diet Discuss the balanced diet Discuss energy value of different nutrients Describe classification of macronutrients Discuss the functions and importance of various macronutrients Discuss daily allowance of macro nutrients

Micronutrients -Vitamin deficiencies allowances & control Micronutrients -mineral deficiencies allowances and control Undernutrition - Protein calorie malnutrition and control	Discuss the diseases caused by their deficiency and excess Describe classification of micronutrients Discuss the function and importance of various vitamins Discuss daily allowances of vitamins Discuss diseases caused by their deficiency Discuss the function and importance of various minerals essential for health Discuss daily allowance of minerals intake Discuss diseases caused by their deficiency Define undernutrition and its classification Discuss protein calorie malnutrition & its causes Describe the various classifications for assessment of PEM Discuss control strategies of malnutrition
Over-nutrition / obesity and it's control	Define obesity Calculate BMI Discuss Epidemiology of obesity. enumerate Causes of obesity. Explain the Complications of obesity Formulate a management plan for obesity Discuss Prevention of obesity

	Theme-5: Infert	ility an	d pregnancy
Pathology	Testicular tumors	1	Classify testicular tumors Explain the gross and microscopic morphology of benign and malignant testicular tumors Discuss the staging and prognosis of testicular malignant tumors
	 Prostatic disorders Prostatitis Benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) Prostatic carcinoma 	2	Explain the etiology and morphology of Prostatitis Explain the gross and microscopic morphology and complications of BPH Explain the clinical features, types and staging of prostatic carcinoma
	Sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) • Syphilis • Gonorrhea	1	Explain the types of STDs Explain the stages, morphology, clinical features, and complications of Syphilis Name the organisms causing Gonorrhea and its clinical features
	Introduction to gynecological cancers Cervical carcinoma	1	Enlist different types of gynecological cancers Explain the gross and microscopic morphology, clinical features and staging of Cervical carcinoma

	Endometritis	1	Explain the etiology and pathogenesis of endometritis
	Uterine fibroids		Explain the etiology and morphology of uterine fibroids
	Endometriosis		Explain the etiology, pathogenesis and morphology of endometriosis
	Endometrial hyperplasia and endometrial carcinoma	1	Explain the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology of Endometrial hyperplasia /carcinoma
	Polycystic ovarian disease	1	Explain the etiology, risk factors, clinical features, and morphology of Polycystic ovary syndrome
	Tumors of the ovary • Benign	1	Classify benign and malignant tumors of the ovary
	• malignant		Explain the gross and microscopic morphology, clinical features, staging and complications of ovarian carcinoma
Gynaecology	Anatomy of the reproductive tract	1	Describe the anatomy of the perineum, the vagina, cervix and uterus, the adnexa and ovary
	Menopause	1	Define Menopause. Describe physiological and non-physiological menopause

Contracention	1	Explain the clinical effects of menopause on women Outline the assessment of menopausal women, based on modifiable and non-modifiable risk factors. Explain the management of menopause Describe the types, side-effects, relative and absolute contraindications of hormone replacement therapy (HRT)
Contraception	1	Define contraception Classify contraceptive methods Explain their mechanisms of action, efficacy, and failure rates Explain the risks and benefits of each method Identify the complications of different contraceptive methods
Polycystic ovary syndrome	1	Explain the risk factors, etiology, clinical features, investigations, treatment, complications, and prognosis of polycystic ovary syndrome

Uterine fibroids		Explain the risk factors, clinical features, and management of uterine fibroids
Endometrial cancers	1	Explain the risk factors, clinical features, investigations, prognosis, and management of endometrial carcinoma
Cervical carcinomas		Explain the risk factors, clinical features, investigations, prognosis, and management of cervical carcinoma
Female infertility	1	Define infertility Discuss the causes and management of female infertility
Malignant diseases of the ovaries	1	Classify benign and malignant diseases of the ovaries Explain the clinical features, diagnosis, serological markers, staging, management and complications of ovarian carcinoma
Uterovaginal prolapse	1	Describe the etiology, clinical features, complications, and management of Uterovaginal prolapse
Urinary incontinence	1	Classify urinary incontinence

		Explain the etiology, clinical features, management, and prevention of urinary incontinence
Endometriosis	1	Define endometriosis Explain the etiology, clinical features, investigations, and management of Endometriosis
Abnormal uterine bleedin	g 1	Explain the etiology of abnormal uterine bleeding Describe the diagnostic approach to a patient with abnormal uterine bleeding
Miscarriage Ectopic gestation	1	Define miscarriage Explain the etiology, risk factors, management, and prevention of miscarriage Describe the etiology, clinical features,
Gestational trophoblast	ic 1	diagnosis, and management of ectopic gestation Classify GTDs
diseases (GTDs)		Explain the etiology, clinical features, diagnosis, management, and complications of H. Mole
		Explain the etiology, clinical features, diagnosis, management, and complications of Choriocarcinoma

	Vaginal discharge and STDs	1	Explain the etiology and diagnostic workup of vaginal discharge Describe the risk factors, etiology, clinical features, management, complications, and prevention of STDs
Pharmacology	Gonadotropins (FSH & LH) and human chorionic gonadotropin	1	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects of Gonadotropins (FSH & LH) and human chorionic gonadotropin (hCG) Describe the role of gonadotropins in male infertility
	Gonadotropin-releasing hormone and analogues (Gonadorelin and others)		Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses and adverse effects of Gonadotropin-releasing hormone and analogues (Gonadorelin and others)
	Oxytocin	1	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects of Oxytocin
	Oestrogens	1	Classify Oestrogens Describe the mechanism of action, organ system effects, clinical uses, adverse effects, and contraindications of Oestrogens Describe Premarin
	Progestins	1	Classify Progestins

		nism of action, organ system ses, adverse effects, and Progestins
Oral contraceptives	effects, clinical u	nism of action, organ system uses, adverse effects, and oral contraceptive pills with their advantages and
Parenteral and implantable contraceptives	Describe the (Medroxyprogestero (Norplant system) c	,
Ovulation-inducing agent (Clomiphene) Mifepristone	and adverse effects	nism of action, clinical uses,
Danazol	Describe the mecha and adverse effects	nism of action, clinical uses, of Danazol
Androgens and anabolic steroids		nism of action, clinical uses, of androgen preparations

	Antiandrogens		Classify antiandrogens Describe the role of Ketoconazole as steroid synthesis inhibitor, its clinical uses, and adverse effects Describe the mechanism of action and clinical use of Finasteride Describe the mechanism of action and clinical use of Cyproterone acetate Describe the role of Spironolactone as androgen receptor blocker and its use in this context Enlist the drugs used for male contraception
	Male contraception		Describe the role of Gossypol as male contraceptive agent
Forensic medicine	Impotence and sterility	1	Define impotence Define sterility Examine under supervision a case of sterility and impotence Describe important causes leading to sterility and impotence in males as well as in females Appreciate difference between sterility and impotence

		Medicolegal importance of sterility and impotence
Sterilization	1	Define sterilization
		Medicolegal importance of sterilization
		Discuss the technique of sterilization in males
		and females
		enumerate legal formalities before sterilization
Artificial insemination	1	Define artificial insemination
		Enumerate its different types
		Describe medicolegal aspects of artificial
		insemination
		Define test tube baby
		Define surrogate motherhood and enumerate its
		medicolegal importance
Virginity	1	Define virginity
		Discuss signs of virginity
		Enumerate different types of hymens
Pregnancy	1	Define pregnancy
		Describe presumptive signs of pregnancy
		Discuss probable signs of pregnancy
		Appreciate conclusive signs of pregnancy

		Enumerate signs of pregnancy in dead Discuss Medicolegal aspects of pregnancy Describe Isqat e Haml & Isqat E Janin as per PPC
Delivery	1	Appreciate signs of recent delivery in living Appreciate or identify signs of recent delivery in dead Identify signs of remote delivery in living and dead Enumerate medicolegal aspects of delivery
Legitimacy & dissolution of marriage	1	Define legitimacy Define illegitimate child Enumerate medicolegal aspects of legitimacy Define superfetation Enumerate medicolegal aspects of affiliation/ adoption. Enlist legal grounds for nullity and dissolution of marriage
Natural sexual offences: Rape & Incest	1	Define rape as per CrPC Enumerate medicolegal aspects of rape Examine under supervision a case of rape victim

		Examine under supervision examination of the accused Define incest
Zina	1	Define Muhsan as per Hudood ordinance 1979. Define Zina according Huddod ordinance 1979. Enumerate the conditions required for liability in case of Zina. Enlist punishment of Zina Enumerate steps of proof of Zina in the court Describe steps of complaint in case of Zina as per Cr PC
Unnatural sexual offences Sodomy	1	Define sodomy Enumerate steps of examination of passive agent in sodomy Enumerate steps of examination of active agent Define and describe buccal coitus Define and describe tribadism Define bestiality
Sexual perversions	1	Define sexual perversions Enumerate its different types Define and describe sadism

			Define and describe masochism Define and describe fetishism Define and describe exhibitionism Define and describe transvestism Define and describe uranism Define and describe voyeurism Define and describe frotteurism Define and describe urolagnia
	Abortion	1	Define abortion enumerate its different types enumerate salient features of natural abortion enumerate salient features of artificial abortion differentiate between natural and criminal abortion examine under supervision a case of criminal abortion and legal formalities to be fulfilled in such a case
Urology/Surgery	Causes of male infertility	1	Discuss the causes of male infertility Explain the diagnostic workup of a male infertile patient
Surgery	Cryptorchidism	1	Define Cryptorchidism

			Explain the etiology, complications and management of Cryptorchidism
	Hydrocele and varicocele		Explain the cause, clinical features,
			complications and surgical management of
			hydrocele and varicocele
	Benign prostatic	1	Explain the etiology, clinical features,
	hyperplasia		complications, and management of BPH
	Carcinoma of prostate		Explain the etiology, clinical features,
			complications, staging, management, and
			prognosis of carcinoma of the prostate
Community medicine	Safe motherhood	1	Define reproductive health
			Describe components of reproductive health
			Define safe motherhood
			Discuss pillars of safe motherhood
	Antenatal care	1	Discuss antenatal care
			Discuss antenatal visits as per WHO
	Family planning and post	1	Define family planning
	abortion care		Discuss different methods of family planning
			Discuss contraceptive prevalence rate and
			factors responsible for low CPR
			Discuss Post abortion care
		2	Define IMNCI & IMCI

	Child promotion and development strategies (IMNCI, IMCI and growth monitoring)		Describe components of IMNCI Enumerate principles of IMNCI Discuss growth monitoring
	Prevention of reproductive health diseases	1	Discuss different reproductive health diseases Discuss STIs in detail Discuss risk factors and Prevention of CA cervix
Family medicine	Menstrual disorders Menopause	1	Enlist menstrual disorders Explain the etiology, investigations and management of menstrual disorders in primary care Explain the clinical features, and management of
	Contraception	1	menopausal symptoms and complications in primary care Explain the types of contraception methods Explain the merits and demerits of different contraceptive techniques Describe the complications associated with the use of oral and injectable contraceptives
	Vaginal discharge and STDs	1	Explain the etiology of vaginal discharge Describe the diagnosis and management of vaginal discharge in primary care Classify Sexually transmitted infections in females Describe the clinical features, investigations, and management of STDs in females in primary care

	Theme-6:	Breast	lump
Pathology	Fibrocystic changes	1	Explain the fibrocystic changes in breast
	Cysts and fibrosis		including cysts, fibrosis, epithelial hyperplasia
	• Epithelial		and adenosis
	hyperplasia		
	 Adenosis 		
	Fibro-adenoma		Explain the morphology of Fibro-adenoma of the
			breast
	Papilloma		Explain the morphology of papilloma of the
			breast
	Carcinoma of the breast	1	Explain the risk factors, etiolopathogenesis,
			clinical features, staging, and complications of
			carcinoma of the breast
	Gynecomastia		Discuss the causes and morphology of
			Gynecomastia
Surgery	Investigations of breast	1	justify the investigations of a patient with a
	diseases		breast lesion
	Benign breast diseases		Classify benign breast diseases
	Malignant breast diseases	2	Classify malignant breast diseases
			Discuss the risk factors, etiology, clinical
			features, investigations, management, and
			prognosis of a patient with breast cancer

			Describe the role of hormone receptors in breast cancer Explain the complications of breast cancer surgery Discuss the role of pharmacological treatment options in breast cancer management Explain the role of selective estrogen receptors modulators in the prevention of breast cancer in high-risk women
Pharmacology	Selective Estrogen Receptor Modulators (SERMs)- Tamoxifen and others	1	Enlist Selective Estrogen Receptor Modulators (SERMs) Describe the mechanism of action and clinical uses of Tamoxifen
Community medicine	Screening and prevention of breast cancer	1	Discuss advantages of breast feeding Discuss artificial feeding Discuss baby friendly hospital initiative Discuss guidelines on infant and child feeding Discuss different methods of screening for breast cancer Discuss levels of prevention of breast cancer
Radiology	Radiological approaches to breast cancer screening	1	Explain the indications, procedure, and interpretation of ultrasound and mammography in the investigation of breast lumps
PRIME/MEDICAL EDUCATION	Counselling- Breaking bad news	1	Explain the concept of SPICES model of breaking bad news.

	Practi	cal wo	rk
Pharmacology	Graves' disease	1.5	Formulate prescription for a patient with Graves'
			disease
	Diabetes mellitus	1.5	Formulate prescription for a patient with type 1
			and type 2 Diabetes mellitus
Pathology	Glucose estimation	1.5	Check glucose in urine
			Check blood glucose in each sample
	Goitre	1.5	Identify the microscopic features of multinodular
			goitre
	Pap smear	1.5	Interpret a pap smear slide
	Fibroids	1.5	Identify the microscopic features of uterine
			fibroids
	Carcinoma breast	1.5	Identify the microscopic features of carcinoma of
			the breast
Forensic medicine	Examination of a rape	2	Take consent from a rape victim
	victim and assailant		Examine a rape victim/manikin
			Describe the procedure of taking sample from
			the victim/manikin/item
			Describe the procedure of Sealing and
			preservation of the specimen
	Examination of sodomy	2	Describe the procedure of Examining a victim of
	victim and assailant		sodomy

			Describe the procedure of Taking sample from the victim/manikin/item Describe the procedure of Sealing and preservation of the specimen	
Community medicine	Contraception	1.5	Identify the contraceptive device/drug Explain the merits and demerits Discuss the method of administration of the given device/drug	
	Mother and child health	1.5	Identify the chart Devise a schedule plan for antenatal visits as per WHO criteria	
	EPI schedule	1.5	Counsel the mother for EPI schedule	
	Vaccination and	1.5	Identify the vaccine	
	immunization		Explain its uses	
			Discuss its schedule of administration	
			Discuss the results of VVM (vaccine voile monitor)	
			and its uses in epidemics	
	IMCI- anthropometric	1.5	Identify the model	
	measures / Shakir`s tape		Measure the mid-arm circumference	
			Calculate the weight and height of the child	
			Interpret the results	

Growth chart	1.5	Identify the chart
		Plot the graph using a scenario
		Interpret different parts of the chart
Demographic indicators	1.5	Interpret the given demographic indicator
		(population pyramid, HDI, PQLI, Growth rate and
		dependency ratio)

Learning Resources

Table 4: References Textbooks

S#	Subjects	Resources				
1.	Anatomy	A. GROSS ANATOMY				
		1. K.L. Moore, Clinically Oriented Anatomy				
		B. EMBRYOLOGY				
		1. KeithL. Moore. The Developing Human				
		2. Langman's Medical Embryology				
2.	Community Medicine	1. Community Medicine by Parikh				
		2. Community Medicine by M Ilyas				
		3. Basic Statistics for the Health Sciences by Jan W Kuzma				
3.	OBGYN	1. Obstetrics by Ten Teachers, Louise C. Kenny, Jenny E. Myers				
		2. Gynaecology by Ten Teachers, Louise Kenny, Helen Bickerstaff				
		3. Hacker & Moore's Essentials of Obstetrics and Gynecology				
		4. Textbook of Gynecology, Rashid Latif Khan				
		5. Fundamentals of Gynaecology, Dr Arshad Chohan				
4.	Pathology	1. Robbins & Cotran, Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th edition.				
		2. Rapid Review Pathology,4 th edition by Edward F. Goljan MD				
5.	Physiology	1. Textbook Of Medical Physiology by Guyton And Hall				
		2. Ganong's Review of Medical Physiology				
		3. Human Physiology by Lauralee Sherwood				
		4. Berne & Levy Physiology				
		5. Best & Taylor Physiological Basis of Medical Practice				
6.	Paeds	Basis of Pediatrics (8th Edition Pervez Akbar)				

Assessment Plan - 4th Year MBBS

The year-4 will be assessed in 4 blocks

- 1) Block-1 (Neurosciences-2 module) will be assessed in paper-J
- 2) Block-2 (GIT and hepatobiliary module) will be assessed in paper-K
- 3) Block-3 (Renal-2, Endocrine & Reproduction-2 module) will be assessed in paper-L
- 4) Block-4 (ENT and EYE modules) will be assessed in paper-M
- 5) Each written paper consists of 120 MCQs.
- 6) Internal assessment will be added to final marks in KMU as shown in below table.
- 7) In OSPE, each station will be allotted 6 marks, and a total of 120 (+10% marks of internal assessment) marks are allocated for each OSPE/OSCE examination.

4 th Year MBBS Modules Assessment Plan						
Theory paper	Modules	Theory marks	Internal assessment theory (10%)	OSPE/OSPE	Internal assessment OSPE/OSPE (10%)	Total Marks
Paper J	Neurosciences-2	120	13	120	13	266
Paper K	GIT-2	120	13	120	13	266
Paper L	Renal-2, Endocrine & Reproduction-2	120	14	120	13	267
Paper M	ENT and EYE	120	13	120	13	266
Research*				20	15	35
Total Marks		480	53	500	67	1100

^{*}Research viva of 20 marks will be conducted in paper-L. However, the rest of 15 marks will be decided by the concerned department internally for the contribution of the students in research project/thesis.

Assessment Blueprints

Table 2: Paper L (MCQs)

Subject	Renal-2	Endocrine and Reproduction-2	Total MCQs
Community medicine	11	12	23
Pharmacology	02	13	15
Pathology	11	22	33
Forensic medicine	01	09	10
Surgery	06	03	09
Gynaecology	01	09	10
Medicine	05	09	14
Pediatrics	02	01	03
Family medicine	01	02	03
Total	40	80	120

Table 3: Paper L OSPE/OSCE distribution

Subject	Viva stations	OSPE/OSCE stations	Total
Pharmacology	2	1	3
Pathology	2	2	4
Forensic medicine	2	1	3
Community medicine	2	6	10
Research viva	2**	X	
Medicine (endocrine	Х	1	1
examination)			
Surgery (physical/local	Х	1	1
examination)			
Total	10	12	22

^{*} A minimum of 22 stations will be used in final exams. Total marks will be 120 (6 marks for each station).

^{**}there will be 2 allocated stations for research viva (one internal and one external) at one time for which the number of marks for each station will be 10 (with a total of 20 marks) allocated for research viva plus 15 marks for conduction of research). A total of 35 marks have been allocated for thesis (research project).