

**AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE**

**ABBOTTABAD**

**DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION**



**BLOOD &  
IMMUNOLOGY II**

**3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR MBBS**

**BLOCK: H**

**DURATION: 3 WEEKS**

**FROM: 2023**

**STUDENT NAME**

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**DISCLAIMER**

- Developing a study guide is a dynamic process and undergoes iteration according to the needs and priorities.
- This study guide is subjected to the change and modification over the whole academic year.
  - However, students are advised to use it as a guide for respective modules.
- It is to declare that the learning objectives (general and specific) and the distribution of assessment tools (both theory and practical) are obtained from Khyber Medical University, Peshawar. These can be obtained from: <https://kmu.edu.pk/examination/guidelines>
- The time tables are for guiding purpose. It is to advise that final timetables are always displayed over the notice boards of each lecture hall.
  - Students are encouraged to provide feedback via coordinator

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## 1. Module Committee:

s.no	Name	Department	Role
1.	Prof. Dr. Umar Farooq		CEO & Dean
2.	Prof. Dr. Irfan U. Khattak		Director DME
<b>Module Team</b>			
3.	Prof Haq Nawaz	Pharmacology	Block H Coordinator
4.	Dr. Afsheen Siddiqi	Pharmacology	Module Coordinator
5.	Dr. Romana	Pathology	Co-Developer
6.	Dr. Omair Khan	Forensic Medicine	Co- Developer
7.	Dr. Zeeshan Haroon	Community Medicine	Co- Developer
8.	Dr. Asfand	Physiology	Co- Developer
9.	Dr. Saima Bibi	Paediatrics	Co- Developer
10.	Dr. Rashid	Medicine	Co- Developer
11.	Miss Ayesha	Prime/Research	Co- Developer

## 2. What Is A Study Guide?

It is an aid to Inform students how student learning program of the module has been organized, to help students organize and manage their studies throughout the module and guide students on assessment methods, rules and regulations.

### **The study guide:**

- Communicates information on organization and management of the module.
- This will help the student to contact the right person in case of any difficulty.
- Defines the objectives which are expected to be achieved at the end of the module.
- Identifies the learning strategies such as lectures, small group teachings.

### **Module objectives.**

- Provides a list of learning resources such as books, computer-assisted learning programs, weblinks, and journals, for students to consult in order to maximize their learning.
- Highlights information on the contribution of continuous on the student's overall performance.
- Includes information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's performance.

### **Achievement of objectives.**

- Focuses on information pertaining to examination policy, rules and regulations.



### 3. Recommended List of Icons



**Introduction To Case**



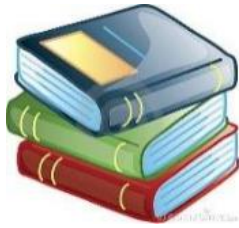
**For Objectives**



**Critical Questions**



**Assessment**



## Resource Material

### 4. Organization of Module

#### **Introduction:**

*This module is an integration of pathophysiological aspects of blood and immunology. It deals with the pathogenesis and treatment of different types of anemias, hematological disorders, malignancies and abnormalities of immune system. Hematological diseases are quite frequently encountered in adults & pediatric population. These range from simple nutritional anemias to complex diseases and hematological malignancies. This module also focusses on Thalassemia, a very common cause of hemolytic anemia in children. Lectures, practical work and field visits are incorporated in the module to enhance the clinical skills of learners.*

#### **Rationale**

*Learning blood and immunological disorders as a part of medical curriculum is essential because any type of their disturbance affects the total body health. Principles, concepts and skills gained in this module will help the students to make correlation of basic knowledge learnt in the theory classes with lab work and field visits.*



## 6. Learning Objectives

<u>Themes</u>	<u>Disciplines (MITs)</u>	<u>Duration</u>
Pallor & Fatigue	Physiology, Pathology, Pharmacology, Forensic Medicine, Community Medicine, Paediatrics, Medicine (Lectures, practical work and field visits)	1 week
Fever	Physiology, Pathology, Pharmacology, Forensic Medicine, Community Medicine, Paediatrics, Medicine (Lectures, practical work, field visits, academic writing & plagiarism)	1 week
Bleeding	Physiology, Pathology, Pharmacology, Forensic Medicine, Medicine & Prime (Lectures, lab work)	1 week

### General Learning Outcomes

**By the end of Blood & Immunology II Module, 3rd year MBBS students will be able to:**

1. Describe the pathophysiology and diagnosis of different types of anemia.
2. Explain the pathogenesis of different hematological malignancies.
3. Discuss the diagnostic approach to malignant hematological disorders.
4. Discuss the pathophysiology and diagnosis of bleeding disorders.
5. Explain the immune system of the body and its components.
6. Describe the mechanism of defense from infection.
7. Explain hypersensitivity and allergy.
8. Discuss the rationale for immunomodulation and its impact on improving the therapeutic dynamics of autoimmune disorders and malignancies.
9. Describe the drugs for treating various types of anemia.
10. Write prescription for the prevention and treatment of iron-deficiency anemia.
11. Describe the application of blood groups in Forensic work
12. Describe the examination of blood stains
13. Describe the medico legal importance of blood as trace evidence
14. Describe the EPI schedule of Pakistan and the basic principles of Immunization.
15. Describe the most prevalent anemia's that affect the population of Pakistan, and the risk factors for vulnerable population.



16. Describe the most prevalent blood borne infections that affect the population of Pakistan, and the appropriate preventive strategies including safe blood practice.

Theme 1: Pallor and Fatigue					
Subject	Topic	Learning objectives	MIT	No. of hrs	
Physiology	Red blood cells	Discuss the steps of erythropoiesis with Correlation to red cell indices and its clinical implications.	LGF	1	
Pathology	1- Anemia	Discuss physiologic basis of anemia.	LGF	1	
		Classify anemia's according to underlying Mechanism			
	Iron deficiency anemia	Discuss the pathophysiological mechanism of Iron deficiency anemia			
		Describe the clinical course and morphological changes in Ida			
		Explain laboratory investigations for the diagnosis of IDA			
	Blood loss	Describe the pathogenesis of blood loss Anemia			
	2- Megaloblastic Anemia	Describe Megaloblastic Anemia			LGF
		Describe the pathogenesis of MA with respect to Vitamin B12 and Folic acid			
		Discuss the morphological changes in RBCs, WBCs and platelets in MA.			
		Explain how will you diagnose the cause of MA?			
	3-Hereditary Spherocytosis	Discuss the pathogenesis of Hereditary Spherocytosis			LGF
		Describe morphological changes in peripheral Smear of HS patient			
		Explain how will you diagnose a case of HS?			
	4-Sickle cell Anemia	Discuss the morphology of RBCs in Sickle cell Anemia			LGF
		Describe the etiology and pathogenesis in SA			
Explain how will you diagnose a case of SA?					
5- Thalassemia	Describe Thalassemia	LGF			
	Discuss the conditions contributing to the Pathogenesis of beta- thalassemia				
	Explain the genetics of thalassemia				

		Describe the morphological changes physically And on peripheral smear		
		Explain how will you diagnose a case of alpha Or beta thalassemia?		
	6-Glucose 6 phosphate dehydrogenase	Classify G6PD	LGF	1
		Discuss the pathogenesis of G6PD with Reference to oxidative injury of rbc's		
	deficiency	Describe the morphology of rbc's in G6PD		
		Explain how will you diagnose a case of G6PD Deficiency		
	7- Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria	Describe the pathophysiology of Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria	LGF	1
		Explain the diagnosis of a case of PNH?		
	8- Immune hemolytic anemia's	Classify immune hemolytic anemia's	LGF	1
		Discuss the etiological mechanism of warm and cold antibody immune hemolytic anemia		
		Explain the diagnostic workup of immune Hemolytic anemia		
	9- Aplastic Anemia	Enumerate causes of Aplastic anemia	LGF	1
		Describe the pathophysiology of aplastic anemia		
		Diagnose a case of aplastic anemia		
	10- polycythemia vera	Discuss the pathophysiology of polycythemia vera	LGF	1
		Describe the clinical course and morphological features of Polycythemia vera		
		Explain how will you diagnose a case of Polycythemia vera?		
	11- Transfusion Medicine	Describe various blood component preparation	LGF	1
		Identify indications for different blood components		
		Describe transfusion reactions associated with blood transfusion		
<b>PHARMACOLOGY</b>	1-Drugs used in anemia	Classify the drugs used in anemia	LGF	1
		Describe pharmacokinetics of Iron		
		Describe the various oral and parenteral formulations of iron		
		Describe the adverse effects of iron therapy		
		Describe the drug treatment of Iron toxicity		

	2-Drugs used in anemia( Role of various medications)	Describe the various oral and parenteral preparations of cyanocobalamin (Vit B12) Describe the clinical use of cyanocobalamin (Vit: B12) Describe the clinical use of Folic acid Describe the pharmacological rationale of combining cyanocobalamin with folic acid and iron Describe the role of granulocyte colony stimulating factors (Filgrastim) and granulocyte monocyte colony stimulating factors in the treatment of leucopenia. Describe the role of thrombocyte colony stimulating factor (Oprelvekin) in the treatment of thrombocytopenia.	L G F	1
<b>FORENSIC MEDICINE</b>	1- FORENSIC EVIDENCE	Describe trace evidence Classify trace evidence. Describe Locard's exchange principle. Describe composition of blood and characteristics of different blood cells. Describe basic genetic principles related to blood groups and blood groups as hereditary factors.	LGF	1
	2-BLOOD GROUP SYSTEMS	Describe different blood groups systems. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Grouping based on red cell antigens</li> <li>▪ Grouping based on blood proteins</li> <li>▪ Grouping based on enzymes</li> <li>▪ Grouping based on white cell antigens.</li> <li>▪ Describe different methods for blood group determination.</li> <li>▪ Direct agglutination</li> <li>▪ Ring test</li> <li>▪ Gel diffusion</li> <li>▪ Immune-electrophoresis</li> <li>▪ Indirect agglutination</li> </ul>	LGF	1

	3-BLOOD GROUP SYSTEMS( Medicolegal importance)	Describe the application of blood in forensic work. (medico legal importance) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Inheritance claims</li> <li>▪ Rh hazards</li> <li>▪ Transfusion errors and adverse reactions</li> <li>▪ DNA profiling</li> <li>▪ Disputed paternity and maternity</li> </ul>	LGF	1
<b>COMMUNITY MEDICINE</b>	Epidemiology of nutritional anemias	Classify nutritional anemias	LGF	1
		Describe the population at risk of nutritional anemia in Pakistan.		
		Explain effective public health strategies for prevention of nutritional anemias in in Pakistan		
		Describe risk factors for different nutritional anemia's.		
		Describe effective public health strategies for prevention of different types of anemia's in Pakistan		
<b>PAEDIATRICS</b>	Thalassemia	Describe Classification, Laboratory Investigation and management of Thalassemia	LGF	1
<b>MEDICINE</b>	Sickle Cell Anemia	Discuss the pathophysiology, investigations and management of Sickle Cell Anemia.	LGF	1
<b>Theme 2: Fever</b>				
<b>Subject</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Learning objectives</b>		
<b>Physiology</b>	White blood cells	Classify the different types of white blood cells, Polymorph's, Lymphocytes and Plasma cells and their disorders.	LGF	1
<b>Pathology</b>	1-Acute myelogenous leukemia	Classify acute myelogenous leukemias according to FAB.	LGF	1
		Discuss the pathophysiology of AML.		
		Describe the morphological features of AML. Explain how will you proceed for diagnosis of AML?		
	2- Chronic myelogenous leukemia	Discuss the pathophysiology of CML.	LGF	1
		Describe the peripheral blood findings in CML		
		Explain how will you proceed for diagnosis of CML?		
3-Acute lymphocytic	Discuss the pathophysiology of Acute lymphocytic leukemia	LGF	1	
	Discuss the morphological features of ALL			

	leukemia	Explain how will you diagnose a case of ALL?		
	4-Chronic lymphocytic leukemia	Discuss the pathophysiology of Chronic lymphocytic leukemia	LGF	1
		Describe the distinguishing morphological features of CLL		
		Explain the diagnostic workup for a case of CLL		
	5-Hodgkin's lymphoma	Discuss the type of multiple myeloma	LGF	1
		Enlist the clinical features		
		Classify Hodgkin's lymphoma		
		Discuss the etiology and pathogenesis of Hodgkin's lymphoma		
		Describe the morphological changes and clinical course of the disease in Hodgkin's Lymphoma		
	6-Non-hodgkin's lymphoma	Enlist Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma	LGF	1
		Describe the basic pathologic classification of NHL (the WHO classification).		
		Describe the predisposing factors to developing NHL, including infectious agents associated with development of specific lymphomas.		
		Describe the morphologic features of lymph nodes involved in Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma		
		Enlist the lab investigations required for diagnosis of NHL		
	7-Myelodysplastic syndrome (mds)	Enlist types of MDS.	LGF	1
		Discuss causes, pathogenesis and Morphology.		
		Interpret blood and bone marrow changes in patient with MDS.		
		Discuss symptoms and diagnostic strategies for patient with MDS.		
	Lymphoid neoplasms	Enumerate Lymphoid neoplasm		
		Classify lymphoid neoplasms according to WHO classification.		
	8-Plasma cell disorder	Describe the pathogenesis of multiple myeloma	LGF	1
		Describe the molecular genetics involved in multiple myeloma		
	9-Immunity	Describe the functions and types of immunity.	LGF	1
		Enlist the three lines of defenses and outline		

	<p>their properties</p> <p>Describe the characteristics, origin and functions of cells of immune system</p> <p>Compare innate and acquired immunity</p> <p>Compare the mechanism of active and passive immunity</p>		
10-Humeral immunity	<p>Describe the role of T and B lymphocytes in immunity</p> <p>Describe the role of B lymphocytes in humeral immunity</p> <p>Describe humeral immunity</p> <p>Explain how helper T cells regulate the immune system</p> <p>Differentiate between humeral and cell mediated immunity</p>	LGF	1
11-Cell mediated immunity	<p>Explain the Specificity of immune response</p> <p>Describe cell mediated components of Cell mediated immunity (CMI),</p> <p>Explain types of cells in CMI system</p> <p>Describe T-cell activation and diversity</p> <p>Illustrate Schematic representation of T cell activation and diversity</p> <p>Differentiate between Primary and secondary immune response</p>	LGF	1
12-Antibodies	<p>Describe antigen and antibodies.</p> <p>Differentiate B/W Monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies.</p> <p>Classify immunoglobulin</p> <p>Illustrate structure (diagram) of immunoglobulin A.</p> <p>Describe important functions of immunoglobulin</p> <p>Explain How antibodies neutralize toxins, microbes and viruses</p>	LGF	1
	<p>Illustrate class switching of immunoglobulin</p> <p>Explain transfer of immunity from mother to fetus and from mother to infant during breast-feeding</p>		
13-Allergy & hypersensitivity	<p>Describe the pathophysiology of allergy and hypersensitivity with examples</p> <p>Compare immediate and delayed hypersensitivity reactions</p> <p>Enlist the diseases associated with hypersensitivity reactions</p>	LGF	1

	14- Immune tolerance	Describe Immunotolerance. Describe Immunological unresponsiveness of the body especially to self-antigens. Explain the role of immune system in protecting the human body. Distinguishing between types of immunotolerance Explain the mechanism of graft rejection and graft vs host disease.	LGF	1
	15-Autoimmune diseases	Describe Autoimmunity. Discuss Pathogenesis of Autoimmune diseases. Explain the factors leading to Autoimmune Diseases.	LGF	1
	16- Immuno deficiency diseases	Describe immunodeficiency Differentiate between Autoimmune and immunodeficiency diseases. Classify Congenital and acquired Immunodeficiency diseases. Describe the pathogenesis of HIV.	LGF	1
	17- COMPLEMENT	Describe complement. Describe components of the Complement System Describe the synthesis of complements Describe pathways of activation and inactivation of complement Describe important functions of each component of complement system Describe the diseases associated with deficiency of the complement proteins	LGF	1
	18- Applied Immunity		LGF	1
<b>PHARMACOLOG Y</b>	1- Immune modulator drugs	Classify immunomodulating drugs Describe the role of corticosteroids as immunosuppressant agents. Describe mechanism of action of immunophilin ligands. Describe clinical uses and adverse effects of immunophilin ligands. Describe mechanism of action of enzyme inhibitors. Describe clinical uses and adverse effects of enzyme inhibitors.	LGF	1

		Describe mechanism of action of cytotoxic agents as immunosuppressant		
		Describe clinical uses and adverse effects of cytotoxic agents		
		Describe mechanism of action of immunosuppressive antibodies used as immunosuppressant		
		Describe clinical uses and adverse effects of immunosuppressive antibodies		
		Describe mechanism of action of monoclonal antibodies		
		Describe clinical uses and adverse effects of monoclonal antibodies		
	2- Immunostimulants	Describe mechanism of action of immunostimulant drugs	LGF	1
		Describe clinical uses and adverse effects of immunostimulant drugs		
		Describe the advantages and disadvantages of various combinations of Immuno- modulating drugs		
Prime/research	Academic writing and plagiarism	Emphasize the role of academic writing in research	LGF	1
		Explain the role of "Grammarly" for use in academic writing		
		Define plagiarism		
		Enlist plagiarism detection software		
<b>Forensic medicine</b>	Forensic Lab Procedures	Describe Forensic Lab Procedures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Forensic histopathology</li> <li>· Naked eye examination</li> <li>· Histological examination</li> <li>· Forensic histochemistry</li> <li>· Steam distillation</li> <li>· Micro-diffusion analysis</li> <li>· Stas-Otto method</li> <li>· Colour reaction method</li> <li>· Chromatography</li> <li>· Spectroscopy</li> <li>· Electrophoresis</li> <li>· Radio-activation technique</li> <li>· Detection of insecticide compounds</li> </ul>	LGF	1
<b>Community</b>	1-Immunization	Define immunity	LGF	1
		Explain the types of immunity		



<b>medicine</b>		Discuss immunizing agents		
		Explain the hazards of immunization		
		Explain the cold chain in the context of immunization		
	Vaccination	Explain the importance of vaccination in the control of infectious diseases		
		Describe the basic principles of vaccination		
		List the main types of vaccine and illustrate them with examples		
		Describe vaccines that are associated with adverse reactions		
		Explain the difference between live attenuated and inactivated vaccines		
		Describe the role of vaccines in preventing disease.		
		Differentiate between vaccination and immunization		
		Describe the strategies used from community medicine's perspective to promote vaccination in communities. (EPI)		
		Explain various programs of vaccination in Pakistan with particular reference to EPI.		
		Describe the factors responsible for success and failure of vaccination programs in Pakistan.		
	2-Epidemiology of blood borne diseases/infections	List the important blood borne diseases in Pakistan as prioritized by the National Institute of health (NIH)	LGF	1
		Discuss the global burden of blood borne diseases & compare with Pakistan		
		Describe important blood borne pathogens		
		Explain the evidence based public health practices to reduce transmission of blood borne infectious disease		
		Explain the evidence based best practices and procedures for safe blood transfusion and prevention of needle stick injury		
<b>MEDICINE</b>	Myeloproliferative Disorders (MPN)	Classify myeloproliferative neoplasms.	LGF	1
		Discuss the investigations & management steps of CML.		

<b>Theme 3: Bleeding</b>				
<b>Subject</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Learning objectives</b>		
<b>Physiology</b>	Platelets	Enumerate the causes of thrombocytopenia.	LGF	1
		Explain the intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of Coagulation		
<b>Pathology</b>	1- Thrombocytopenia & von willebrand disease	Enlist causes of Thrombocytopenia	LGF	1
		Describe the pathogenesis of immune thrombocytopenic purpura		
		List thrombotic microangiopathies		
		Explain the diagnostic plan for ITP		
		Classify VWD		
		Enlist investigations required for diagnosis of VWD		
	2-Hemophilia	Discuss the pathogenesis of hemophilia A and B	LGF	1
		Describe the clinical course of the disease.		
		Enlist the laboratory investigation for diagnosing a case of hemophilia		
	3- Dissemin ated intravasc ular coagulop athy	Enlist major disorders associated with DIS	LGF	1
		Discuss the pathophysiology of DIC		
		Explain the morphological changes in DIC		
		Explain how will you diagnose DIC?		
	<b>Pharmacology</b>	Anti-plasmin (antifibrinolyt ic) drugs	Describe mechanism of action of Anti-plasmin (antifibrinolytic) drugs	LGF
Describe clinical uses and adverse effects of Anti-plasmin (antifibrinolytic) drugs				
Drug treatment of Haemophilia		Describe the drug treatment for various types of Haemophilia		
		Describe the role of Desmopressin in the treatment of haemophilia		
<b>Forensic medicine</b>	1-Blood stains	Describe examination of blood stains. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Physical examination</li> <li>· Chemical examination</li> <li>· Physicochemical examination</li> <li>· Micro chemical examination</li> <li>· Spectroscopic examination</li> <li>· Immunological and enzymological methods for species determination</li> </ul>	LGF	1

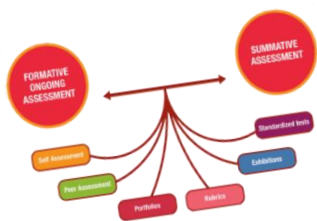
		Describe the medico legal importance of blood stains.		
	2-Collection And Preservation Of Biological Material	Describe the collection and preservation of biological material <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Blood</li> <li>· Swabs and smears</li> <li>· Saliva</li> <li>· Semen</li> </ul>	LGF	1
<b>Medicine</b>	Platelets (itp)	Describe Clinical features, investigations and management of a patient with Immune Thrombocytopenia (ITP).	LGF	1
<b>PRIME/Medical education</b>	1-Principles of medical ethics	Explain the pillars of medical ethics	LGF	1
		Explain the privacy and confidentiality of the patients and its medico-legal and cultural aspects		
	2-Confidentiality	Exhibit Confidentiality of colleagues and patients Appropriately use of social media	LGF	1
<b>Practical Work</b>				
<b>Subject</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Learning objectives</b>	<b>Hours</b>	
<b>Theme 1</b>				
<b>Pathology</b>	1-Normal complete Blood count	Differentiate between a normal blood cells of different lineages	2	
	ABNORMAL PERIPHERAL SMEAR IN DIFFERENT ANEMIAS	Differentiate between a normal and an abnormal RBC	2	
		Identify different shapes of RBCs.		
		Identify the common types of Anemia on the basis of RBC morphology		
2-Normal white cell smear	Describe causes of leukocytosis Differentiate different types of white blood cells under microscope	2		
<b>Pharmacology</b>	Iron-deficiency anemia	Write prescription for a patient at risk of developing iron-deficiency anemia	2	
		Write Chart order for treating an in-door patient with iron-deficiency anemia		
<b>Field visit</b>	Visit to blood bank of a tertiary care hospital	Explain safe blood transfusion practices	2	
		List the common pathogens that cause blood borne infections which may be acquired from unsafe		

		blood transfusion practices.	
		List the most common transfusion reactions seen in a blood bank in a local teaching hospital in Pakistan	
		Communicate with health care staff effectively	
		Describe the standard operating procedures (SOP's) of blood transfusion	
<b>Forensic medicine</b>	1-Microscopic examination of animal and human blood	Perform Microscopic examination of animal and human blood.	2
	2-Examination of blood stains under ultraviolet light	Perform examination of blood stains under ultraviolet light.	2
	3-Different pattern of stains	Identify different pattern of stains.	2
<b>Field visit</b>	Visit to basic health care unit EPI Center	Observe administration of different vaccines as part of Expanded Program of immunization (EPI) schedule of Pakistan at the vaccination center.	2
		List and explain the route of administration and mechanism of storage and maintenance of cold chain of each vaccine in the EPI schedule (support with images where possible)	
		List the different components of each vaccine in the EPI schedule including the adjuvants, preservatives and explain their relevance to the vaccine.	
		Differentiate between live attenuated vaccines, conjugate vaccines, subunit vaccines, and toxoid vaccines in the EPI schedule and their mode of action	
		Identify the contraindications for vaccination that may present an additional risk	
		Describe the organ gram of EPI center	

		Explain the role of EPI center.	
		Observe the process of vaccination on a case.	
<b>Pathology</b>	Coagulation tests	Interpret Prothrombin time and activated partial thromboplastin time	2
		Interpret bleeding time and clotting time	

<b>Hours Distribution</b>	
<b>Theory</b>	
<b>Discipline</b>	<b>No. of hours</b>
Physiology	03
Pathology	32
Pharmacology	05
Forensic Medicine	06
Community Medicine	03
General Medicine	03
Pediatrics	01
PRIME	03
<b>Total</b>	<b>56</b>
<b>Practical/ SGDs</b>	
Pathology	06
Community Medicine	04
Pharmacology	02
Forensic Medicine	06
<b>Total</b>	<b>18</b>

<b>Hours Distribution</b>			
<b>Discipline</b>	<b>No. of hours</b>		<b>Total</b>
	<b>Theory</b>	<b>Practical/ field visits</b>	
Physiology	03	X	03
Pathology	27	06	33
Pharmacology	04	02	06
Forensic Medicine	06	04	10
Community Medicine	03	04	07
General Medicine	03	X	03
Pediatrics	01	X	01
PRIME	03	X	03
<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>66</b>



## 7. Examination and Methods of Assessment:

The year-3 will be assessed in 3 blocks.

- 1) Block-1 (Foundation 2 and Infection and Inflammation modules) will be assessed in **paper-G**.
- 2) Block-2 (Multisystem, blood and MSK modules) will be assessed in **paper-H**.
- 3) Block-3 (CVS and Respiratory module) will be assessed in **paper-I**.
- 4) Each written paper consists of 120 MCQs.
- 5) Internal assessment will be added to final marks in KMU.
- 6) In OSPE, each station will be allotted 6 marks, and a total of 120 (+10% marks of internal assessment) marks are allocated for each OSPE/OSCE examination.
- 7) Practical assessment will be in the form of OSPE/OSCE which will also include embedded viva stations. The details of each section are given in the tables given below.

**Table-1: Total Marks Distribution 3<sup>rd</sup> Year MBBS**

<b>Assessment Plan of 3<sup>rd</sup> Year MBBS</b>						
<b>Theory paper</b>	<b>Modules</b>	<b>Theory marks</b>	<b>Internal assessment theory (10%)</b>	<b>OSPE/OSPE</b>	<b>Internal assessment OSPE/OSPE(10%)</b>	<b>Total Marks</b>
Paper G	Foundation-II	120	14	120	14	268
	Inf.&Inflamm.I					
Paper H	Multisystem I Blood II MSK-II	120	13	120	14	267
Paper I	CVS-II	120	13	120	12	265
	Respiratory-II					
<b>Total Marks</b>		<b>360</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>800</b>



**Paper-H (Multisystem, Blood and MSK)**

**MCQs**

<b>Subject</b>	<b>Multisystem-1 module</b>	<b>Blood and Immunology-2</b>	<b>Musculoskeletal (MSK)-2 module</b>	<b>Total MCQs</b>
<b>Pharmacology</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>03</b>	<b>05</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>Pathology</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>51</b>
<b>Forensic medicine</b>	<b>09</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>09</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>Community medicine</b>	<b>03</b>	<b>04</b>	<b>03</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>ENT</b>			<b>01</b>	<b>01</b>
<b>Eye</b>			<b>01</b>	<b>01</b>
<b>PRIME</b>			<b>01</b>	<b>01</b>
<b>Research</b>			<b>05</b>	<b>05</b>
<b>Medicine</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>05</b>
<b>Orthopedics</b>			<b>02</b>	<b>02</b>
<b>Pediatrics</b>		<b>01</b>	<b>03</b>	<b>04</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>120</b>

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## OSPE

Subject	OSPE/OSCE	Viva stations	Total*
Pharmacology	5	2	7
Pathology	3	2	5
Forensic medicine	2	2	4
Community medicine	0	2	2
Paeds (history and physical examination)	1	0	1
Medicine (history and physical examination)	1	0	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>20</b>

\* A minimum of 20 stations will be used in final exams. Total marks will be 120 (6 marks for each station).

**INTERNAL ASSESSMENT CARD**  
**PHARMACOLOGY DEPARTMENT**

Class Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date of Admission in 1st year. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Father's Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Father's Occupation \_\_\_\_\_ Domicile \_\_\_\_\_  
 Phone No. Guardian. \_\_\_\_\_ Student Phone \_\_\_\_\_  
 Present address: \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

**PAST ACADEMIC RECORD FIRST PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATION ANNUAL/SUPPLY**

Paper A	Session -	Marks-
Paper B	Session -	Marks-
Paper C	Session -	Marks-

**PAST ACADEMIC RECORD 2ND PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATION ANNUAL/SUPPLY**

Paper D	Session -	Marks-
Paper E	Session -	Marks-
Paper F	Session -	Marks-

**3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR M.B.B.S. & ASSESSMENTS OF ATTENDANCE**

BLOCK	MODULE	TOTAL HOURS	HOUR ATTENDED	PERCENTAGE	MARKS OBTAINED
Block G	Foundation-II				
	Inflammation & infection				
Block-H	Multisystem				
	MSK II				
	Blood II				
Block-I	Respiration				
	CVS				

**PROFESSOR DR. SUMBAL TARIQ**  
**Chairperson**  
**Deptt: of Pharmacology & Therapeutics**  
**Ayub Medical College Abbottabad.**

Permanent

Mailing Address:

To,

Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



## 8. Learning Opportunities and Resources

### 8.1 Books:

- **Pharmacology**
- Basic & Clinical Pharmacology, 14<sup>th</sup> edition
- Goodman Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, 13<sup>th</sup> edition
- Lippincott Illustrated Reviews Pharmacology, 7<sup>th</sup> edition
- **Paediatrics**
- Nelson textbook of Pediatrics, 21<sup>st</sup> edition
- Textbook of Pediatrics, Pakistan Pediatrics Association
- Basis of Pediatrics, Pervez Akbar Khan, Ninth edition
- **Prime/Research**
- Essentials of research design and methodology. (Geoffrey Marczyk)
- The essentials of clinical epidemiology (Robert H)
- **Medicine**
- Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine
- Kumar and Clarks Clinical Medicine
- **Forensic Medicine**
- Principles and practice of Forensic Medicine by Naseeb Rawan
- Text book of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology by Nagesh Kumar G Rao.
- Praikhs textbook of medical jurisprudence and toxicology
- **Community Medicine**
- Public Health & Community Medicine by Shah Ilyas Ansari; 8<sup>th</sup> Edition
- Parks Textbook of Prevention & Social Medicine by K.Park; 25<sup>th</sup> Edition
- **Pathology**
- Hoffbrads Essential Hematology
- Practical Hematology by Daccie
- Guideline of American Society of Hematology
  
- Guidelines from British Committee for standard Hematology (BSCH)

### 8.2 Website:

Forensic Medicine

- PFSA Guidelines :<https://:pfsa.punjab.gov.pk>
- Prime
- <https://libguides.usc.edu/writingguide/academicwriting>

### 8.3 Articles:

- Koponen J, Pyörälä E, Isotalus P. Communication skills for medical students: Results from three experiential methods. Simulation & Gaming. 2014 Apr;45(2):235-54.

## 9. Timetables

**AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE, ABBOTTABAD**  
 Department of Medical Education  
 Time Table **Third Year MBBS**  
 Class Session 2023  
**Block-H: (Blood & Immunology II Module)**  
**Week 01: Theme 01 (Pallor & Fatigue)**

Days	8:00-9:00 am	9:00-10:00 am	10:00-12:00	12:00-12:45 am	01:15-02:00pm	02:00-3:00 pm
<b>Mon</b>	RBCs <b>Physiology L1</b> Dr. Asfand	Anemia <b>Pathology L1</b> Dr. Romana	Hospital Duty	Trace evidence <b>Forensic Medicine L1</b> Dr. Salma	A:Pathology B:Pharmacology C:Forensic Medicine D:Community Medicine	
<b>Tue</b>	Megaloblastic Anemia <b>Pathology L2</b> Dr. Romana	Blood group systems <b>Forensic Medicine L2</b> Dr. Omair		Hereditary Spherocytosis <b>Pathology L3</b> Dr. Romana	A:Pharmacology B: Forensic Medicine C:Community Medicine D:Pathology	
<b>Wed</b>	Blood group systems (medicolegal importance) <b>Forensic Medicine L3</b> Dr. Salma	Sickle cell Anemia <b>Pathology L4</b> Dr. Romana		Sickle cell Anemia <b>Medicine L1</b> Dr. Adnan	Thalassemia <b>Pathology L5</b> Dr. Romana	Thalassemia Paeds L1 Dr. Saima Bibi
<b>Thurs</b>	G6PD Deficiency <b>Pathology L6</b> Dr. Romana	Drugs for Anemia <b>Pharmacology L1</b> Dr. Saad Mufti		Drugs for Anemia <b>Pharmacology L2</b> Dr. Saad Mufti	A:Forensic Medicine B:Community Medicine C:Pathology D:Pharmacology	
<b>Fri</b>	A:Community Medicine B:Pathology C:Pharmacology D:Forensic Medicine			Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria <b>Pathology L7</b> Dr. Romana 10:00-11:00	Immune Hemolytic Anemia <b>Pathology L8</b> Dr. Romana	HALFDAY

**AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE, ABBOTTABAD**

Department of Medical Education

Time Table **Third Year MBBS**

Class Session 2023

**Block-H: (Blood & Immunology II Module)**

**Week 02, Theme 01 (Pallor & Fatigue) & Theme 02 (Fever)**

Days	8:00-9:00 am	9:00-10:00 am	10:00-12:00	12:00-12:45 am	01:15-02:00pm	02:00-3:00 pm
<b>Mon</b>	Epidemiology (Blood and Blood Forming organs Diseases) <b>Community Medicine L1</b> Dr. Awais	Aplastic Anemia <b>Pathology L9</b> Dr. Romana	Hospital Duty	<b>Polycythemia Vera Pathology L10</b> Dr. Romana	<b>A:Pathology B:Pathology C:Forensic Medicine D:Community Medicine</b>	
<b>Tue</b>	WBCs & Platelets  <b>Physiology L2</b> Dr. Asfand	<b>Transfusion medicine Pathology L11</b>  Dr. Romana		Acute Myelogenous Leukemia  <b>Pathology L12</b> Dr. Ammar	<b>A:Pathology B: Forensic Medicine C:Community Medicine D:Pathology</b>	
<b>Wed</b>	Forensic lab Procedures <b>Forensic Medicine L4</b> Dr. Omair	<b>Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia Pathology L13</b> Dr. Ammar		Immunity <b>Pathology L14</b>  Dr. Idrees	Blood Stains <b>Forensic Medicine L5</b> Dr. Salma	Acute Lymphocytic Leukemia <b>Pathology L15</b> Dr. Ammar
<b>Thurs</b>	Humeral Immunity  <b>Pathology L16</b>  Dr. Idrees	Cell mediated Immunity  <b>Pathology L17</b>  Dr. Idrees		Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia <b>Pathology L18</b>  Dr. Ammar	<b>A:Forensic Medicine B:Community Medicine C:Pathology D:Pathology</b>	
<b>Fri</b>	<b>A:Community Medicine B:Pathology C:Pathology D:Forensic Medicine</b>		Immunization  <b>Community Medicine L2</b>  Dr. Adnan 10:00-11:00	Kodgkins Lymphoma <b>Pathology L19</b> Dr. Ammar	<b>HALFDAY</b>	

**AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE, ABBOTTABAD**

Department of Medical Education

Time Table **Third Year MBBS**

Class Session 2023

**Block-H: (Blood & Immunology II Module)**

**Blood & Immunology module II, Week 03: Theme 02 (Fever) & Theme 03 ( Bleeding)**

Days	8:00-9:00 am	9:00-10:00 am	10:00-12:00	12:00-12:45 am	01:15-02:00pm	02:00-3:00 pm
<b>Mon</b>	Collection & preservation of biological material <b>Forensic Medicine L6</b> Dr. Inayat	Non Hodgkins Lymphoma <b>Pathology L20</b> Dr. Idrees	<b>Hospital Duty</b>	Principles of Ethics <b>PRIME (Surgery) L1</b> Dr. Danish Naveed	----- -----	Antibodies <b>Pathology L21</b> Dr. Idrees
<b>Tue</b>	Myeloproliferative Disorders <b>Medicine L2</b> Dr. Farhat	<b>Allergy &amp; Hypersensitivity Pathology L 22</b> Dr. Idrees		Immune Modulator Drugs <b>Pharmacology L3</b> Dr. Afsheen Siddiqui	Myelodysplasia <b>Pathology L23</b> Dr. Ammar	Confidentiality <b>PRIME (Surgery) L2</b> Dr. Amjad Farooq
<b>wed</b>	Immune Modulator Drugs <b>Pharmacology L4</b> Dr. Afsheen Siddiqui	Plasma cell Disorder <b>Pathology L 24</b> Dr. Ammar		Immune Tolerance <b>Pathology L 25</b> Dr. Idrees	<b>Platelets Physiology L3</b> Dr. Asfand	<b>Autoimmune Diseases Pathology L 26</b> Dr. Idrees
<b>Thur</b>	Immunodeficiency Diseases <b>Pathology L 27</b> Dr. Idrees	Thrombocytopenia & VWD <b>Pathology L28</b> Dr. Amina		ITP <b>Medicine L3</b> Dr. Touqeer	Academic Writing & Integrity <b>PRIME (Community Med) L3</b> Dr. Zeeshan Haroon	Hemophilia <b>Pathology L29</b> Dr. Ammar
<b>Frid ay</b>	Academic Writing & Integrity <b>PRIME (Community Med) L4</b> Dr. Zainab Nazneen	<b>Complement Pathology L30</b> Dr. Idrees		Anti-plasmin Antifibrinolytic Antihaemophilia drugs <b>Pharmacology L5</b> Dr. Saad Mufti	Epidemiology of Blood Borne Infections <b>Community Medicine L3</b> Dr. Adnan	
<b>Mon</b>	DIC <b>Pathology L31</b> Dr. Amina	<b>Applied Immunity Pathology L32</b> Dr. Idrees				

L: Sequence of lectures of a discipline.

## 10. For inquiry and troubleshooting



**Please contact**

**1-Dr Sumbal Tariq**

**Professor & HOD Pharmacology Department.**

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**Email: [drsumbaltariq@yahoo.com](mailto:drsumbaltariq@yahoo.com)**

**2- Dr Afsheen Siddiqi**

**Associate Professor Pharmacology**

**Moblle No: 03345092422**

**Email: [drafshveenfaisal@gmail.com](mailto:draftsheenfaisal@gmail.com)**



## 11.Course Feedback Form

Course Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Semester/Module \_\_\_\_\_ Dates: \_\_\_\_\_

Please fill the short questionnaire to make the course better.

Please respond below with 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, where 1 and 5 are explained.

### THE DESIGN OF THE MODLUE

- A. Were objectives of the course clear to you?      Y       N
- B. The course contents met with your expectations   
     l. Strongly disagree                                      5. Strongly agree
- C. The lecture sequence was well-planned   
     l. Strongly disagree                                      5. Strongly agree
- D. The contents were illustrated with   
     l. Too few examples                                      5. Adequate examples
- E. The level of the course was   
     l. Too low    5. Too high
- F. The course contents compared with your expectations   
     l. Too theoretical    5. Too empirical
- G. The course exposed you to new knowledge and practices   
     l. Strongly disagree                                      5. Strongly agree
- H. Will you recommend this course to your colleagues?   
     l. Not at all    5. Very strongly

### THE CONDUCT OF THE MODLUE

- A. The lectures were clear and easy to understand   
     l. Strongly disagree                                      5. Strongly agree
- B. The teaching aids were effectively used   
     l. Strongly disagree                                      5. Strongly agree
- C. The course material handed out was adequate   
     l. Strongly disagree                                      5. Strongly agree
- D. The instructors encouraged interaction and were helpful   
     l. Strongly disagree                                      5. Strongly agree
- E. Were objectives of the course realized?      Y                      N  Please give overall rating of the course

90% - 100%	(    )	60% - 70%	(    )
80% - 90%	(    )	50% - 60%	(    )
70% - 80%	(    )	below 50%	(    )

Please comment on the strengths of the course and the way it was conducted.

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Please comment on the weaknesses of the course and the way it was conducted.

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Please give suggestions for the improvement of the course.

Optional - Your name and contact address:

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Thank you!!