AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION



EYE MODULE

4TH YEAR MBBS

BLOCK: M DURATION: 1 YEAR FROM: 2023

STUDENT NAME

DISCLAIMER

• Developing a study guide is a dynamic process and undergoes iteration according to

the needs and priorities.

• This study guide is subjected to the change and modification over the whole

academic year.

- However, students are advised to use it as a guide for respective modules.
- It is to declare that the learning objectives (general and specific) and the distribution

of assessment tools (both theory and practical) are obtained from Khyber Medical

University, Peshawar. These can be obtained from:

https://kmu.edu.pk/examination/guidelines

• The time tables are for guiding purpose. It is to advise that final timetables are

always displayed over the notice boards of each lecture hall.

Students are encouraged to provide feedback via coordinator.

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	1 Module Committee:							
s.	Name Departm Role							
no		ent						
1.	Prof. Dr. Umar Farooq		CEO & Dean					
2.	Prof. Dr. Irfan U. Khattak	Director DME						
		Мо	dule Team					
3.	Dr. Danish Zafar	EYE	Block Coordinator					
4.	Prof Hasan Sajid Kazmi	EYE	Module Coordinator					
5.	Prof. Dr Zulfiqar Ali	EYE	Member					
6.	Dr. Amir Zeb	EYE Member						
7.	Dr. Bushra Aaqil	EYE	Member					

2 What Is A Study Guide?

It is an aid to Inform students how student learning program of the module has been organized, to help students organize and manage their studies throughout the module and guide students on assessment methods, rules and regulations.

2.1 The study guide:

- Communicates information on organization and management of the module.
- This will help the student to contact the right person in case of any difficulty.
- Defines the objectives which are expected to be achieved at the end of the module.
- Identifies the learning strategies such as lectures, small group teachings.

2.2 Module objectives.

- Provides a list of learning resources such as books, computer-assisted learning programs, weblinks, and journals, for students to consult in order to maximize their learning.
- Highlights information on the contribution of continuous on the student's overall performance.
- Includes information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's performance.

2.3 Achievement of objectives.

Focuses on information pertaining to examination policy, rules and regulations.



3 Recommended List Of Icons





Resource Material

4 Organization of Module

4.1 Introduction:

Welcome to the vision module. As we know that vision is one of the special senses and very important in the sense that a large percentage of new information gathered by a person is by visual means.

A person who is blind can be a big burden on the society. We should try to decrease the incidence of preventable blindness by taking appropriate measures to limit the disease and educate the masses by running awareness campaigns for the general public. In case of non preventable blindness we should come up with ways to make a blind person more useful to the society.

In this module you will learn about the structure and functions of the eye, visual pathways and the visual cortex as well as common diseases of the eye and their treatment.

4.2 Rationale

The end organ responsible for vision is the eye. It is a part of the central nervous system and as there is limited regeneration in the CNS, most of the parts of the eye also have no or very limited regeneration power.

The eye has got a complex structure and to understand its function it is necessary to know the different parts of the eye, their organization and functioning of the individual parts and their integration with each other. In this way we would be able to treat the diseases of the eyes in timely manner and more efficiently.

The main function of the eye is to transmit light into the eye, refract and focus it onto the retina, from where the photoreceptors would be stimulated and send an impulse to the brain through visual pathway. The brain processes the received signals and an image is formed.

The eye is affected by various internal and external factors. Moreover, many systemic diseases such as diabetes, hypertension etc. may show signs in the eye and can disturb its function.

The student needs to have this knowledge of structure, function and common diseases of the eye and their treatment so that he / she understands it properly and is in a better position to deal with the problems of the eye.



5 Learning Objectives

5.1 General Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module the students would be able to;

5.1.1 Knowledge

- 1. Describe the visual standards.
- 2. Define and classify blindness.
- 3. Describe the anatomy and physiology of visual pathway and different visual field defects.
- 4. Describe the basics and usage of optical coherence tomography (OCT), visual fields and ultrasonography in common eye disorders.
- 5. Differentiate different types of lid bumps and propose a management plan for it.
- 6. Discuss ptosis, ectropion and entropion and describe the treatment options.
- 7. Examine bulgy eyes and investigate different causes of it.
- 8. Describe the differential diagnosis of red eye.
- 9. Explain the pathophysiology, and management of different conjunctival inflammations.
- 10. Explain the pathophysiology, and management of different corneal inflammations.
- 11. Discuss the pathophysiology, and management of uveal inflammations.
- 12. Describe the aqueous humor dynamics and its role in glaucoma.
- 13. Enumerate different causes of gradual visual loss and propose their management plan.
- 14. Enumerate different causes of sudden visual loss (painful/painless) and propose their management plan.
- 15. Describe squint, its presentation and principles of management.
- 16. Enumerate different causes of double vision and propose their management plan.
- 17. Enumerate different causes of childhood blindness and propose their management plan.
- 18. Discuss the clinical importance of white pupil in children.
- 19. Define amblyopia, describe its causes and management.
- 20. Differentiate between different terms used in ocular trauma.
- 21. Propose the management plan of ocular injuries.

5.1.2 Skills

- 1. Take detailed history in ocular conditions
- 2. Check visual acuity.
- 3. Perform pupillary examination.
- 4. Perform visual fields examination by confrontation methods.
- 5. Identify parts of slit-lamp
- 6. Examine anterior segment on slit lamp

- 7. Perform direct ophthalmoscopy
- 8. Identify trial lenses used in refraction.
- 9. Perform indirect ophthalmoscopy

10. Describe/interpret the results of OCT, Visual fields, Biometry, B-scan, FFA, Corneal topography

- 11. Observe Eversion of upper lids
- 12. Perform ptosis examination.
- 13. Observe ptosis surgery
- 14. Examine common lid abnormalities (Ectropion, Entropion, Chalazion, Stye)
- 15. Identify instruments used in lids surgery
- 16. Observe lid reconstruction procedures
- 17. Observe proptosis
- 18. Perform topical anesthesia and staining.
- 19. Observe corneal foreign body removal.
- 20. Observe corneal scrapping.
- 21. Observe keratoplasty.
- 22. Perform lacrimal regurgitation test.
- 23. Observe DCR surgery and identify instruments used
- 24. Observe first aid to Ocular trauma
- 25. Perform eye wash in chemical injury.
- 26. Observe OGI surgery.
- 27. Examine normal, glaucomatous and swollen disc
- 28. Detect common retinal conditions
- 29. Differentitate different retinal vascular conditions.
- 30. Identify RD in pictures
- 31. Observe Retinal detachment surgery
- 32. Use of lasers in eye
- 33. Intravitreal injections
- 34. Observe goldman tonometery
- 35. Observe Glaucoma filtration surgery
- 36. Observe congenital glaucoma examination (EUA) and surgery
- 37. Detect cataract on ocular examination
- 38. Observe types of Adult and Congenital cataract surgery
- 39. Perform extraocular movements and squint examination
- 40. Perform cover / uncover / alternate cover tests
- 41. Identify the pattern of squint (Esotropia vs. Exotropia)
- 42. Observe squint surgery

5.2 Table Of Specifications (TOS)

5.2.1	5.2.2 Le	arning objectives	s Theme	e 1: Found	ation	of	
	O	phthalmology					
Торіс	Learning obj		МІТ	Tools	Time	TEACHER NAME	Asmt
Standards Of Vision and Blindness	and	cuss visual standards I blindness according NHO classification.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ
Pupil Reflexes and Drugs Used In Common Eye Conditions	abn 3. Disc	cribe the normal and lormal pupil reflexes. cuss drugs used in nmon eye diseases.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ
Visual Pathway and Visual Field Defects	pat 5. Des	cribe the visual hway. cribe the common ial field defects.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ
Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) and Visual fields (VF)	and	cuss the uses of OCT I VF in Ithallmology.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR.AMIR	MCQ
Fundus Fluorescein Angiography (FFA) and Ultrasonography	and	cuss the uses of FFA I Ultrasonography in hthalmology.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR.AMIR	MCQ
Optics & Eye	(vis visio sen brig Pse	cuss visual functions ual acuity, color on, contrast sitivity, light ghtness), Refraction, udophakia, Aphakia, I Anisometropia	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ
Refractive Errors	9. Disc and of n hyp asti	cuss pathophysiology l clinical presentation nyopia, permetropia, gmatism and sbyopia	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ
Correction Of Refractive Errors	myo asti	cribe management of opia, hypermetropia, gmatism and sbyopia	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ
Differential Diagnosis Of Lid Bumps	diff	cuss overview of erent causes of lid nps.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ

VISION MODULE 4TH YEARTheme 1:-FOUNDATION OF OPHTHALLMOLOGY

Chalazion, Stye	 Describe pathophysiology and management of chalazion and stye. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ
Tumors of Eyelids	 Discuss different eyelid tumors and its pathogenesis. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ

Theme 2:-

5.2.3 Mod	ule name GIT & Hepatobiliary	/ II)				
Торіс	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	MIT	TOOLS	TIM E	TEACHER NAME	Asmt
Management of Lid Bumps	 Describe management plan of lid bumps. 	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	02	DR. DANISH	MCQ S
Ptosis	 Discuss causes of ptosis, assessment and their management. 	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ S
Trichiasis, Entropion and Ectropion	 Discuss Trichiasis, Entropion and Ectropion, assessment and their management. 	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ S
Proptosis – Basics	 Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of proptosis in children and adults 	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUA R	MCQ S
Preseptal and Orbital Cellulitis	 Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of proptosis in children and adults. Enumerate Differential diagnosis / causes of proptosis in children and adults. 	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUA R	MCQ S
Thyroid Eye disease (TED)	20. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of TED	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUA R	MCQ S
Myasthenia Gravis & Migraine	 Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Myasthenia Gravis. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Migraine. 	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUA R	MCQ S
Red eye	23. Enumerate causes of red eye.24. Describe pathophysiology and management of different conjunctival	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	02	DR. BUSHRA	MCQ S

	(Bacterial/Viral/Fungal/Allerg ic) inflammations.					
Corneal Inflammations / Infections	 25. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of non-infectious corneal inflammations. 26. Discuss investigations for corneal ulcers. 	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	DR. BUSHRA	MCQ S
Bacterial Keratitis	 Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of different bacterial corneal ulcers. 	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	DR. BUSHRA	MCQ S
Fungal, Viral & Acanthamoeb a Keratitis	28. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of different fungal, viral & acanthamoeba corneal ulcers.	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	02	DR. BUSHRA	MCQ S
Dacryocystitis	 29. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of congenital nasolacrimal duct obstruction. 30. Assess the time of probing in children. 31. Differentiate between acute, acute on chronic and chronic Dacryocystitis. 32. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Dacryocystitis. 	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	DR. BUSHRA	MCQ S
Dry Eyes	 33. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Dry Eyes with special emphasis on Vit. A deficiency and Sjogren's syndrome. 	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	DR. BUSHRA	MCQ S
Pterygium, Pseudo- Pterygium, Episcleritis & Scleritis	34. Describe differences between Pterygium, Pseudo- pterygium, Episcleritis & Scleritis and their management.	Lectur e	Multimedi a +lecture hall	01	DR. BUSHRA	MCQ S

Торіс		MIT	TOOLS	TIME	TEACHER NAME	ASSES- MENT
Blepharitis	35. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of blepharitis.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ
Basic Concepts In Ocular Trauma	 36. Discuss definitions, classification & clinical evaluation of ocular injuries and principles of management. 37. Discuss corneal and conjunctival foreign bodies and their treatment. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Open Globe Injury (OGI) / IOFB / Sympathetic Ophthalmia (SO)	 38. Classify OGI. 39. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of OGI and IOFB. 40. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of SO. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Closed Globe Injury (CGI) Orbital Floor Injury	 41. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of CGI. 42. Classify CGI. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Radiation, Thermal, Chemical Injuries	 43. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of radiation injury. 44. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of thermal injury 45. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of thermal injury 45. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of thermal injury 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ

Visual	46.	Discuss various options	Lecture	Multimedia	01		MCQ
Rehabilitation		of visual rehabilitation		+lecture		DR.	
		after ocular trauma.		hall		AMIR	
	47.	Discuss rehabilitation		nan			
		services for blind					
		people in our setup.					
Uveitis –	48.	Discuss Definitions,	Lecture	Multimedia	01	DR.	MCQ
Basics		classifications, history		+lecture		AMIR	
		workup of uveitis.		hall			
Anterior &	49.	Discuss the etiology,	Lecture	Multimedia		DR.	MCQ
Posterior		clinical features,		+lecture	01	AMIR	
Uveitis		investigation and		hall			
		management of		nan			
		anterior uveitis.					
	50.	Discuss the etiology,					
		clinical features,					
		investigation and					
		management of					1
		Posterior Uveitis.					
Visual Loss &	51.	Classify causes of visual	Lecture	Multimedia	01	PROF	MCQ
Intraocular		loss in following order:		+lecture		DR.	
Pressure	52.	Visual Loss associated		hall		SAJID	
(IOP)		with anterior segment.					
	53.	Visual Loss associated					
		with Posterior segment.					
	54.	Discuss Aqueous humor					
		dynamics and its role in					
		IOP.					
	55.	Enumerate causes of					
		gradual & sudden visual loss.					
	56	Define and Classify					
	50.	Glaucoma.					
Open angle	57.	Discuss the differences	Lecture	Multimedia	01	PROF	MCQ
glaucoma		between POAG, NTG		+lecture	01	DR.	
		and OHT.		hall		SAJID	
	58.	Discuss the etiology,					
		clinical features,					
		investigation and					
		management of POAG.					
	59.	Discuss the etiology,					
		clinical features,					
		investigation and					
	60	management of NTG.					1
	60.	Discuss the etiology, clinical features,					
		investigation and					1
		management of OHT.					1
Primary Angle	61	Discuss briefly the	Lecture	Multimedia	01		MCQ
Closure	01.	stages of PACG.	Lecture	+lecture	01	PROF	wicq
Glaucoma	62	Discuss the etiology,			01	DR.	1
(PACG)	52.	clinical features,		hall		SAJID	1

	management of acute angle closure.					
Neovascular Glaucoma & Lens Induced Glaucoma	 63. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Neovascular glaucoma. 64. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of lens induced glaucoma. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Treatment Options In Glaucoma	 65. Enumerate different treatment options in glaucoma. 66. Discuss the indications of each treatment option. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Cataract	 67. Define cataract. 68. Describe the types of Age related cataract. 69. Describe the pathogenesis and complications of cataract. 70. Describe the management of cataract. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Cataract Surgery Complications	 71. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Endophthalmitis. 72. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Panophthalmitis. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Corneal Ectasia, Dystrophy & Degeneration	 73. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of keratoconus. 74. Give overview of corneal dystrophies and degenerations. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	Dr. Bushra	MCQ
Diabetic Eye Disease	 75. Discuss the effects of diabetes on eye. 76. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ

management of			
Diabetic Eye Disease			
(Diabetic Retinopathy			
and maculopathy).			

Theme 4:-

Торіс		МІТ	ΤοοΙ	Time	Teacher name	Asmt
Hypertensive Retinopathy	 77. Discuss the effects of hypertension on eye. 78. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Hypertensive Retinopathy. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Central Retinal Vein Occlusion (CRVO) And	79. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of CRVO.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Central Retinal Artery Occlusion (CRAO)	80. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of CRAO.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Retinal Detachment (RD)	81. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of RD.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Choroidal Melanoma	 82. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of choroidal melanoma. 83. Describe the 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
	83. Describe the importance of this condition on mortality.					
Night Blindness – Retinitis Pigmentosa, Vit. A Deficiency	 84. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Retinitis pigmentosa. 85. Discuss the etiology, 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
	clinical features, investigation and management of Vit. A deficiency.					

Optic neuritis	 86. Classify optic neuritis. 87. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of optic 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ
Hereditary, Nutritional & Toxic Optic Neuropathies	neuritis. 88. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of these optic neuropathies.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ
Papilledema	 89. Describe the difference between papilledema and disc swelling. 90. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of papilledema. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ
White pupil (leukocoria) and Retinoblastoma (RB)	 91. Describe the importance of white pupil in children. 92. Differentiate different causes of white pupil in children. 93. Discuss investigations in white pupil. 94. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Congenital Cataract	 management of RB. 95. Define congenital cataract. 96. Describe the types of congenital cataracts. 97. Describe the pathogenesis and complications of congenital cataracts. 98. Describe the management of congenital cataracts. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR.AMIR	MCQ
Congenital Glaucoma	99. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Congenital Glaucoma.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Amblyopia	100.Define Amblyopia. 101.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of amblyopia.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ

102 Discuss definitions	Locturo	Multimodia			MCQ
-	Lecture		01		wicq
			01	ZULFIQUAR	
		hall			
	Locturo	Multimodia			MCQ
	Lecture		01		wicq
•			01	ZULFIQUAR	
		hall			
•					
-					
-	Locturo	Multimodia			MCQ
	Lecture		01	-	wicq
-			01	ZULFIQUAR	
-		nali			
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	Locturo	Multimodia			MCQ
	Lecture		01		wied
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_	 102. Discuss definitions, clinical evaluation of squint and principles of management 103. Define concomitant squint. 104. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of esotropia. 105. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of exotropia. 106. Discuss differential diagnosis/causes of diplopia. 107. Define incomitant squint. 108. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of a exotropia. 107. Define incomitant squint. 108. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 3rd nerve palsy. 109. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 4th nerve palsy. 110. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 4th nerve palsy. 110. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 6th nerve palsy. 	clinical evaluation of squint and principles of managementLecture103.Define concomitant squint.Lecture104.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of esotropia.Lecture105.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of exotropia.Lecture105.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of exotropia.Lecture106.Discuss differential diagnosis/causes of diplopia.Lecture107.Define incomitant squint.Lecture108.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 3 rd nerve palsy.Lecture109.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 4 th nerve palsy.Lecture110.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 4 th nerve palsy.Inclusion and management of 4 th nerve palsy.110.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 6 th Inclusion and management of 6 th	clinical evaluation of squint and principles of management+lecture hall103.Define concomitant squint.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall104.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of esotropia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall105.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of exotropia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall105.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of exotropia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall106.Discuss differential diagnosis/causes of diplopia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall107.Define incomitant squint.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall108.Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 3rd nerve palsy.Imagement of 3rd immedia immed	clinical evaluation of squint and principles of management+lecture hall01 hall103. Define concomitant squint.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall01104. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of esotropia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall01105. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of exotropia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall01105. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of exotropia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall01106. Discuss differential diagnosis/causes of diplopia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall01107. Define incomitant squint.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall01108. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 3rd nerve palsy.Image of 4th improvement of 4th improvement of 4th improvement of 6thImage of 4th improvement of 6thImage of 4th improvement of 6th	clinical evaluation of squint and principles of management+lecture hall01ZULFIQUAR103. Define concomitant squint.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall01PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR104. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of esotropia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall01PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR105. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of exotropia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall01PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR106. Discuss differential diagnosis/causes of diplopia.LectureMultimedia +lecture hall01PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR107. Define incomitant squint.Lecture hall01PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR108. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 3'd' nerve palsy.Lecture hall01PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR109. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 4 th nerve palsy.Lecture hall01Hercine investigation and management of 4 th nerve palsy.110. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 6 th Lecture hallHercine investigation and management of 6 th



6 Examination and Methods of Assessment:

The year-4 will be assessed in 5 blocks.

- 1) Block-1 (Neurosciences-2 module) will be assessed in paper-J.
- 2) Block-2 (GIT and hepatobiliary module-2 will be assessed in paper-K.
- 3) Block-3 (Renal-2, Endocrine and Reproduction-2 module) will be assessed in paper-L.
- 4) Block-4 (ENT module) will be assessed in paper M-1.
- 5) Block-5 (Eye module) will be assessed in paper M-2.
- Each written paper consists of 120 MCQs except for ENT & Eye papers which includes 90 MCQs each.
- 7) Internal assessment will be added to final marks in KMU.
- 8) For ENT (M-1 module) and Eye (M-2 module), the marks allocated for each OSCEstation will be 5, while the rest of the modules are allotted 6 marks per OSCE station.
- Practical assessment will be in the form of OSPE/OSCE which will also include embedded viva stations.

Assessment Plan for 4 th Year MBBS							
Theory paper	Modules	Theory marks	Internal assessment theory (10%)	OSPE/OSP E	Internal assessment OSPE/OSP E(10%)	TOTA L MARK S	
Paper J	Neurosciences-2	120	13	120	13	266	
Paper K	GIT-2	120	13	120	13	266	
Paper L	Renal-2 and Endocrine and Reproduction	120	14	120	13	267	
Paper M-1	ENT	90	10	75*	8	183	
Paper M-2	EYE	90	10	75*	8	183	
Research**						35	
Total Mark s		480	53	500	67	1200	

*For ENT (M-1 module) and Eye (M-2 module), the marks allocated for each OSCE station will be 5, while the rest of the modules are allotted 6 marks per OSPE/OSCE station.

**Research viva of 20 marks will be conducted in paper-L. However, the rest of the 15 markswill be

decided by the concerned department internally for the contribution of the students in research project/thesis.

Paper M-2 (Eye module)

Table-9: MCQs

Module	Total MCQs
Eye	90

Table-10: OSCE

Module	Total OSCE stations
Eye	15

- For blocks J, K, and L, a minimum of 20 stations will be used in final exams. Total marks will be 120 (6 marks for each station).
- For M-1 and M-2, there will be 15 stations during each assessment with5 marks per station.



7 Learning Opportunities and Resources

7.1 Books:

- 1. Ophthalmology
- Shafi Jatoi
- 2. Clinical Ophthalmology Jac
- 3. Parsons Diseases of the Eye
- Jack J Kanski



Please contact Dr Danish Zafar Chairperson EYE Department

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Ayub Medical Institution	
Abbottabad	

9 Course Feed	back Form	
Course Title:		
Semester/Module	Dates:	
Please fill the short questionnaire to make the cou	ırse better.	
Please respond below with 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, where 1	and 5 are explained.	
THE DESIGN OF THE MODLUE		
A. Were objectives of the course clear to you?	Y N	
B. The course contents met with your expectatio	ns	
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
C. The lecture sequence was well-planned		
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
D. The contents were illustrated with		
I. Too few examples	5. Adequate examples	
E. The level of the course was		
I. Too low	5. Too high	
F. The course contents compared with your expe		
I. Too theoretical	5. Too empirical	
G. The course exposed you to new knowledge an		
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
H. Will you recommend this course to your collea	-	
I. Not at all	5. Very strongly	
THE CONDUCT OF THE MODLUE		
A. The lectures were clear and easy to understan	d	
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
B. The teaching aids were effectively used		
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
C. The course material handed out was adequate		
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
D. The instructors encouraged interaction and we	ere helpful	
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
		4

E.	Were objectives of the course realized?	Y	N	

F. Please give overall rating of the course

90% - 100%	()	60% - 70%	()
80% - 90%	()	50% - 60%	()
70% - 80%	()	below 50%	()

Please comment on the strengths of the course and the way it was conducted.

Please comment on the weaknesses of the course and the way it was conducted.

Please give suggestions for the improvement of the course.

Optional – Your name and contact address:

Thank you!!