AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION



FOUNDATION II

3RD YEAR MBBS

BLOCK: G DURATION:5 WEEKS SESSION: 2024

STUDENT NAME

DISCLAIMER

• Developing a study guide is a dynamic process and undergoes iteration according to the

needs and priorities.

- This study guide is subjected to the change and modification over the whole academic year.
 - However, students are advised to use it as a guide for respective modules.
 - It is to declare that the learning objectives (general and specific) and the distribution of

assessment tools (both theory and practical) are obtained from Khyber Medical University,

Peshawar. These can be obtained from:

https://kmu.edu.pk/examination/guidelines

• The time tables are for guiding purpose. It is to advise that final timetables are always

displayed over the notice boards of each lecture hall.

Students are encouraged to provide feedback via coordinator.

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1 Module Committee:

s.no	Name	Department	Role
1.	Prof. Dr. Umar Farooq	CEO &	Dean
2.	Prof. Dr. Irfan U. Khattak	Directo	or DME
		Module Team	
3.	Dr. Jamila Farid	Pathology	Block Coordinator
4.	Dr. Nasreen Gul	Pathology	Module Coordinator
5.	Dr. Afsheen	Pharmacology	Member
6.	Dr. Salma Shazia	Forensic Medicine	Member
7.	Dr. Rizwana Hussain	Community Medicine	Member
8.	Dr.Bushra Aqil	EYE	Member
9.	Dr.Imran Shah	ENT	Member

2 What Is A Study Guide?

It is an aid to Inform students how student learning program of the module has been organized, to help students organize and manage their studies throughout the module and guide students on assessment methods, rules and regulations.

2.1 The study guide:

- Communicates information on organization and management of the module.
- This will help the student to contact the right person in case of any difficulty.
- Defines the objectives which are expected to be achieved at the end of the module.
- Identifies the learning strategies such as lectures, small group teachings.

2.2 Module objectives.

- Provides a list of learning resources such as books, computer-assisted learning programs, weblinks, and journals, for students to consult in order to maximize their learning.
- Highlights information on the contribution of continuous on the student's overall performance.
- Includes information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's performance.

2.3 Achievement of objectives.

📽 Focuses on information pertaining to examination policy, rules and regulations.

STUDENTS WILL EXPERIENCE INTEGRATED CURRICULUM

3 Recommended List Of Icons



Resource Material



3

4 Organization of Module

4.1 Introduction:

This module marks the beginning of transition to more focus on clinical learning. This module will introduce the students to key concepts essential for understanding diseases process, their prevention & treatment. Students will be in a better position to apply the key concepts in future, system-based modules for better understanding of the diseases processes and their management. The module covers the molecular level of cell biology including genetics and its role in microbiology and pathology and its application in clinical sciences. In community medicine, health issues and policies on disease control, health systems will be discussed. This module will also include basics of pharmacology and forensic medicine. Concepts dealt within this module will be revisited in the other modules afterwards.

4.2 Rationale:

The students of third year will acquire the basic knowledge of cell injury and its consequences, diagnosis and integrated application in the related subjects in third year and the coming modules in fourth and final year.



5 Learning Objectives

THEMES						
Theme	Duration					
Molecules, bacteria and cell injury	3 weeks					
Ageing and death	2 weeks					

5.1 General Learning Outcomes

By the end of Foundation-2 Module, 3rd year MBBS students will be able to:

- 1) Define pathology, its different branches and enumerate clinically important bacteria.
- 2) Describe the structure of bacterial cell and mechanisms by which they cause the disease.
- 3) Describe methods used to identify different microbes in laboratory and explain the interventions employed to prevent infections including vaccines.
- 4) Describe cell injury, its different mechanisms and sub cellular responses to cell injury.
- 5) Describe necrosis, apoptosis and adaptive changes seen in clinical settings and its identification in surgical specimens.
- 6) Define common terms related to Pharmacology.
- 7) Describe the basic principles of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics and apply these principles to clinical practice as they relate to drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, mechanism of action, clinical action and toxicity.
- 8) Describe the cellular and biochemical sites where drugs bind to act.
- 9) Describe the general principles of drug interactions in relation to clinical practice.
- 10) Describe the process of new drug development.
- 11) Identify different dosage forms of drugs.
- 12) Demonstrate searching accurate information quickly in a formulary.
- 13) Demonstrate administration of a drug through intramuscular and intravenous routes.
- 14) Write down the basic format of drug prescription and describe the general principles of prescribing drugs.
- 15) Write correctly medical abbreviations used in clinical practice.
- 16) Identify commonly used equipments in pharmacy.
- 17) Describe Forensic medicine, its different branches and importance.
- 18) Describe law and its various components.
- 19) Explain medicolegal system and legal procedure for a doctor.
- 20) Describe the contents of medical jurisprudence.
- 21) Describe the diagnosis of death and WHO death certificate.
- 22) Describe different refractive errors and its management.
- 23) Explain causes of watery eyes in both infants and elders and its management.

24) Describe the basic concept of health, disease and primary health care.

- 25)Demonstrate different pathological laboratory procedures and identify gross and microscopic features in the given specimens.
- 26) Demonstrate professionalism, respect, honesty and compassion by behaving in a courteous manner with colleagues and teachers during course activities like long lectures, SGDs and Practicals.
- 27) Describe the PMC code of Ethics

28) Describe the steps of process of developing a research protocol

5.2 Specific Learning ojectives

Theme-1 (Molecules and Bacteria)

Subject	Торіс		No. of Hours	Learning objectives
Pharmacology	Introduction to the subject	Lecture	1	Define basic terms like Pharmacology, Clinical Pharmacology, Therapeutics, drug, medicine, pro-drugs, prototype drugs, Materia medica, pharmacopoeia, formulary, national formulary, poisons, toxins, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, excipient, compounding and dispensing.
				Describe the branches of Pharmacology like Pharmacy, Pharmacognosy, pharmacogenetics, pharmacogenomics, toxicology and posology. Define prescription drugs, OTC drugs, WHO essential drugs and Orphan drugs with examples.
	Nomenclature of drugs	Lecture	1	Describe how drugs are named, i.e. chemical, generic, approved, official and trade names of drugs with examples.
	Sources of drugs		3	Enlist various sources of drugs. Give examples of drugs obtained from plants, animals, mineral and synthetic sources. Describe the genetic engineering source of drugs with examples.
	Active Principles of crude drugs			Enlist important principles of crude drugs with examples.
	Routes of drug administration			Enlist various routes of drug administration. Describe the merits and demerits of oral, sublingual, rectal, intramuscular, subcutaneous, intravenous, intra-arterial, inhalational, spinal, topical and transdermal routes of drug administration.

			Give examples of drugs given through oral, sublingual, rectal, intramuscular, subcutaneous, intradermal, intravenous, intra-arterial, inhalational, spinal, topical and transdermal routes of drug administration. Describe the difference between topical and transdermal routes of drug administration. Describe the difference between subcutaneous and intradermal routes of drug administration.								
Absorption of drugs		1	Define drug absorption. Describe various mechanisms of drug absorption like simple diffusion, facilitated diffusion, active transport, ion-pair transport, endocytosis and filtration with examples.								
			Describe the concept of ionization of drug molecules and clinical significance of ion trapping.								
			Describe factors affecting drug absorption.								
Bioavailability and	lecture	1	Define bioavailability, bioequivalence and pharmaceutical equivalence.								
Bioequivalence			Explain Time-Concentration curve.								
			Describe AUC (Area Under the Curve).								
			Describe the factors affecting bioavailability.								
Hepatic first- pass effect (Pre- systemic elimination)			Describe hepatic first-pass effect (Pre- systemic elimination) and its clinical significance.								
Enterohepatic	1		Define enterohepatic circulation.								
circulation	2										Describe enterohepatic circulation with examples and its clinical significance.
Distribution of		2	Define distribution of drugs.								
drugs			Define redistribution of drugs with example.								
			Describe plasma protein binding and its clinical significance in diseased conditions.								
			Describe factors affecting drug distribution.								
Volume of			Define volume of distribution.								

distribu	ition		Enlist drugs with small volume of distribution.
			Enlist drugs with large volume of distribution.
			Apply formula for calculating volume of distribution. Describe volume of distribution with reference to
			its clinical significance.
Loading	g dose		Define loading dose of a drug.
			Enlist some drugs whereby loading dose is administered.
			Apply formula for calculating loading dose.
Physiol barriers	sto		Enlist important physiological barriers to transport of drugs.
Transpo	ort of		Describe important physiological barriers to transport of drugs like blood- brain barrier and
drugs			placental barrier with reference to their clinical significance.
Biotran	sformatio	3	Define biotransformation.
n (meta of drug	abolism)		Define xenobiotics.
	5		Describe the objectives of biotransformation and
			fate of drugs after biotransformation.
			Name major sites of biotransformation.
			Describe major drug metabolizing enzymes i.e.
			microsomal (P450) and non-microsomal enzymes.
			Describe the phases and reactions of
			biotransformation.
			Describe the factors affecting drug biotransformation.
Genetic	:		Define pharmacogenetics and pharmacogenomics.
influen	ce on		Define idiosyncrasy with examples.
biotran	sformation		Describe the genetic factors influencing
of drug	s		biotransformation of drugs with examples.
	Enzyme		Define enzyme induction.
inductio	on		Enlist enzyme inducers.
			Describe enzyme induction and its clinical significance.
Enzyme	2		Define enzyme inhibition.

inhibition		Enlist enzyme inhibitors.
		Describe enzyme inhibition and its clinical significance.
		Describe suicide inhibition (mechanism-based inhibition) with examples of drugs.
Excretion of	1	Define drug excretion and drug clearance.
drugs and drug clearance		Enlist major and minor routes of drug excretion.
		Differentiate between excretion, elimination and clearance.
		Apply the formula for calculating drug clearance.
Maintenance		Define maintenance dose of a drug.
dose		Apply the formula for calculating the maintenance dose.
		Apply Young's formula, Dilling's formula and Clark's formula for
		calculating doses of drugs.
Plasma half life		Define plasma half-life.
ine		Enlist drugs with short half-life.
		Enlist drugs with long half-life.
		Apply the formula for calculating plasma half life.
		Explain the clinical significance of half life.
Steady-state	2	Define steady-state concentration of drugs.
concentration of drugs		Describe the time to reach steady-state concentration of drugs.
		Describes the importance of steady-state concentration in clinical practice.
First- and		Define first- and zero-order kinetics.
zero-order kinetics		Differentiate between first- and zero-order kinetics with examples.
		Explain the clinical significance of first- and zero- order kinetics
Bioassay and		Define bioassay and standardization.
standardization		Describe the relative importance of bioassay compared with physical or chemical assays.
		Describe the most common type of bioassay, i.e. three-point assay.

Pharmacodynami cs	2	Define pharmacodynamics. Define agonist, antagonist, partial agonist and inverse agonist with
		examples. Describe receptors.
		Define orphan receptors, serpentine receptors and spare receptors.
		Describe the biochemical and cellular sites of drug targets.
		Describe intracellular Second-messenger system and enlist some important Second-messengers.
		Describe up regulation and down regulation of receptors with examples.
		Define drug selectivity and specificity.
Dose-response curves (Graded and	2	Define dose response curve, graded dose-response curve and quantal dose-response curve.
Quantal)		Describe graded dose-response curve and quantal dose-response curve.
		Describe the limitations of graded dose-response curve and its remedy in aquantal dose-response curve.
		Describe the significance of constructing dose- response curves.
		Explain the advantages of taking log dose values on the dose axis.
Therapeutic		Define therapeutic index.
index		Describe therapeutic index with reference to its clinical importance.
		Apply formula for calculating therapeutic index
		Define median lethal dose, median toxic dose and median effective dose.
		Enlist some drugs with narrow therapeutic index.
		Enlist some drugs with broad therapeutic index.
Protective		Define protective index.
index		Differentiate between therapeutic index and protective index.
Therapeutic		Define therapeutic window.
window		Describe therapeutic window with reference to its

		clinical importance.
Potency and		Define potency and efficacy.
efficacy		Describe potency and efficacy with examples.
Drug antagonism		Describe the clinical importance of efficacy compared to potency.
		Define drug antagonism.
		Enlist types of antagonism.
		Describe chemical, physiological (functional) and pharmacological (competitive/surmountable and non-competitive) antagonisms with examples.
Drug	2	Define drug interaction.
interactions		Define drug incompatibilities with examples.
		Describe pharmacokinetic drug interactions with examples and its clinical significance.
		Describe pharmacodynamics drug interactions with examples and it clinical significance.
		Describe drug-food interactions and drug-disease interactions with examples.
		Define summation, synergism and potentiation with examples.
Tolerance and Tachyphylaxis		Define Tolerance, cross tolerance, reverse tolerance (sensitization), innate tolerance, tachyphylaxis and drug resistance.
		Describe the mechanisms of development of tolerance and tachyphylaxis. Define drug holidays with example.
Adverse drug		Define adverse drug effect, secondary effect and intolerance to a drug.
reactions		Classify adverse drug reactions.
		Describe dose-related adverse effects (side effects and toxic effects) with examples.
		Describe non-dose-related adverse effects (idiosyncrasy and drug allergy) with examples.
		Describe causes of adverse drug reactions.

				Enlist some drugs causing hepatotoxicity.
				Enlist some drugs causing renal toxicity.
				Enlist some cardio toxic drugs.
				Enlist some drugs causing adverse effects on reproduction.
	New drug development			Describe the processes involved in drug discovery and development.
				Define lead compound and drug screening.
				Describe pre-clinical and clinical studies.
				Define placebo, placebo response and nocebo response.
				Define no-effect dose and minimum lethal dose.
				Describe 04 phases of clinical trials.
				Define post-marketing surveillance.
				Define single-blind, double-blind, crossover and ADME studies.
				Describe the role of Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in the drug development process.
				Differentiate between IND (Investigational New Drug) and NDA (New Drug Application).
Pathology	Introduction to the subject	Lecture	2	Define pathology, microbiology and list its major branches
	(General introduction &			Describe essential characteristics of five major groups of microorganisms
	introduction to microbiology)			Differentiate between prokaryotes and eukaryotic cells based on their structure and complexity of their organization
	Introduction to	Lecture	1	Define cell
	cell			Describe structure of cell membrane
				Describe cell organelles
	Classification of Bacteria	Lecture	1	Describe classification of bacteria based on oxygen requirement as aerobes and anaerobes with examples.
				Describe classification of bacteria based on staining characteristics, nature of cell wall, ability to grow in the presence of oxygen and ability to form spores.

			parts of the bacterial cell including cell wall, cytoplasmic membrane, Mesosome, ribosomes, granules and nucleoid. Describe specialized structures outside the cell wall
			including capsule, flagella, pilli and glycocalyx
			List the differences between cell wall characteristics of Gram Positive and Gram Negative Bacteria
			Describe classification and important functions of plasmids.
			Describe functions and arrangement of transposons.
			Describe structure, functions and medical importance of bacterial spores with examples.
Bacterial growth curve	Lecture	2	Describe various phases of bacterial growth curve
- Normal Flora			Describe medically important members of normal flora and their anatomic location
Bacterial	Lecture	1	Define mutation
genetics			Describe the classification of various types of mutations and their common causes.
			Describe methods of transfer of DNA within bacterial cells including process of conjugation, transduction, recombination and transformation.
Lab diagnosis of bacterial infections	Lecture	1	Describe the bacteriologic approach to diagnosis of bacterial infections including blood, throat, stool, sputum, spinal fluid, urine, genital tract and wound cultures.
			Describe general principals of various immunologic and nucleic acid based methods for identification of an organism.
Bacterial pathogenesis	Lecture	1	Define the term pathogen, infection, virulence, communicable, endemic, epidemic and pandemic diseases, carrier, pathogens, opportunists, commensals and colonizers. Describe stages/determinants of bacterial
	growth curve Normal Flora Bacterial genetics Lab diagnosis of bacterial infections Bacterial	growth curve Normal Flora Bacterial genetics Lab diagnosis Lecture of bacterial infections Bacterial Lecture	growth curve Normal Flora Bacterial genetics Lab diagnosis Lecture 1 of bacterial infections Bacterial Lecture 1

	Antibacterial	Lecture	1	Describe colonization, invasion, toxins, immune- pathogenesis. Differentiate between exotoxins and endotoxins. Describe the various modes of action of endotoxins and endotoxins produced by gram positive and gram-negative bacteria. Describe the four stages of a typical infectious disease and Koch's postulates for establishing the causal role of an organism in the disease. Define immunization and vaccination.
	Vaccines		I	Describe role of immunization in inducing active and passive acquired immunity. Enlist the current bacterial vaccines and their indications. Describe various types of bacterial vaccines in terms of composition, preparation, indications, route of administration and common side effects.
Foren sic medic ine	Introduction to the subject of Forensic Medicine		1	Describe forensic medicine and its various branches Describe pillars of forensic medicine Describe the various terminologies used in forensic medicine
	Introduction to medicolegal system			Discuss different prevailing medicolegal systems in the world
				Define law.
	Introduction to Law	Lecture	1	Describe its various types.
	Legal proceedings		1	Describe court procedures for a doctor
	Chain of evidence			Describe evidence, its types and recording of evidence
	PPC and CrPC			Describe the relevant sections of Pakistan penal code and CrPC

ENT	Medical jurisprudence Introduction to the subject	Lecture	2	Describe the components of medical jurisprudence (consent, negligence, secrecy, professional misconduct and privileged communication) Describe code of medical ethics Describe the duties of a registered medical practitioner Describe common ENT symptoms. Name common diseases of ENT. Name recommended books that students must read.
Ophthalmology	the subject; Career in Ophthalmology	Lecture	1	Define Ophthalmology and its branches Highlight the scope of field of Ophthalmology as a future career
	Refractory errors	Lecture	1	Describe refractive error and its effect on vision. Describe the concept of myopia and its correction. Describe the concept of hypermetropia and its correction. Describe the concept of astigmatism & cylindrical lens. Describe the concept of presbyopia, its possible causes and correction. Describe aphakia and possible methods of its
	Watery Eyes	Lecture	1	correction. Explain the structural details, development and functions of lacrimal system. Correlate the clinical presentation of watery eye with anatomical structures. Correlate the clinical features with a disease entity. Describe the causes, clinical features and treatment of congenital nasolacrimal duct obstruction. Assess the time of probing. Describe the causes, clinical presentation and treatment modalities. Differentiate between acute and chronic dacryocystitis.
Community medicine	Introduction to the subject	Lecture	1	Define Community medicine and Public health Describe the role of teaching of public health in prevention of diseases

Health of Paki	system stan	Lecture	1	Define health care system of Pakistan using WHO Health system framework
Introdu Health disease		Lecture	2	Define community medicine, public health and preventive medicine. Discuss the history and philosophy of public health as well as its concepts and functions regionally & globally. Describe the stages in the natural history of a disease. Describe epidemiological triad, web of causation and multifactorial causation Describe the dimensions and determinants of health Describe the indicators of health and its characteristics Discuss the concept of disease control Discuss the different levels of prevention and their modes of interventions. Explain the natural history of disease. Describe the iceberg phenomenon Describe mode of intervention of diseases with
Primar Health	•	Lecture	1	 Describe mode of intervention of diseases with emphasis on health education. Define Primary health care (PHC). Describe the elements of PHC, its principles and strategies for implementation of PHC. Describe Health for all by the year 2000. Enumerate the MDGS & SDGS related to health. Describe the history of development of PHC Describe comprehensive & selective PHC Describe reasons for failure of PHC Describe Health Systems before & after PHC Describe district health care system Enumerate indicators for assessing PHC

	Research Protocol	1	Describe the steps of developing the research protocol
	Health System Research	1	Define Research and Health System research List types of research Describe characteristics of Health system Research Describe Building blocks of Health system Discuss briefly research methodology Define and catogerize types of Health research
	Purpose and Process of Health Research	1	Explain the purpose of Health research
PRIME	Professionalism and behavioural sciences (Dynamics)	1	Trust definition, its attributes and components, and its applications
	Professional Identity formation	1	White coat ceremony Types, Multiple identities, Components, Professional Identity formation
	Attributes	1	Priniciple of trust in daily work activities
	Communication Skills		
	- Dealing with Patients	1	Patient reception and respect
	- Communic ation with Administra tion	2	Communicating with Administration
	- Dealing with patients	1	Answer to patient queries
	- Motivation	1	Motivation, Team Working, Explain motivation skills for team members
	Research Methods, Statistics and Proposal	2	Define and catogerize health research Explain the Purpose of Health Research

	Development			
Theme-2 (Ag	ing and Death)			
Pathology	Cellular injury, cell death	Lecture	2	Define the following terms: Pathology, disease, etiology, pathogenesis, morphology, cell injury and homeostasis. Describe the causes of cell injury from gross physical trauma to single gene defect. Describe the nature and severity of cell injury with cellular responses. Enumerate different classes of pathology. Describe the following basic mechanisms of cell injury: General Biochemical mechanisms, Ischemic and hypoxic injury, Ischemic/reperfusion injury, Free radical induced cell injury and chemical injury. Differentiate between reversible and irreversible cell injury. Describe the mechanism, morphological and
				biochemical changes and functional alterations in reversible and irreversible cell injury. Define phagocytosis, endocytosis, pinocytosis, autophagy and heterophagy. Describe the subcellular responses to injury
	Cellular	Lecture	1	including lysosomal catabolism, heterophagy and autophagy. Describe types of cellular adaptations.
	adaptation			Differentiate between physiologic and pathologic adaptation. Define hypertrophy, hyperplasia, atrophy and metaplasia. Describe the causes and mechanism of hypertrophy, hyperplasia, atrophy and metaplasia. Describe hypertrophy of the smooth endoplasmic reticulum with examples and mitochondrial alterations. Describe cytoskeletal abnormalities in pathological states with examples.

Necrosis	Lecture	2	Define necrosis.
			Describe types of necrosis with examples.
			Describe the mechanism and morphology of
			necrosis.
Apoptosis			Define apoptosis.
			Describe physiological and pathological causes of
			apoptosis with examples.
			Describe morphology with alterations in cell
			structure.
			Describe the biochemical features of apoptosis
			altering the cell structure. Describe the intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of
			apoptosis.
			Differentiate between necrosis and apoptosis.
			Describe role of apoptosis in health and disease.
			Describe the mechanism and causes of cellular
			ageing including genetic & environmental factors,
			structural & biochemical changes.
			Describe adaptive changes in clinical settings.
Steatosis	Lecture	2	Describe causes and mechanism of steatosis.
			Explain the morphology and consequences of
	_		steatosis.
Intracellular accumulations			Describe three general pathways for abnormal intracellular accumulations.
			Define steatosis.
			Describe causes, mechanism, morphology and
			consequences of lipid accumulation.
			Describe causes, mechanism, morphology,
			consequences of protein and glycogen
			accumulation
			Describe types of pigments
			Differentiate between endogenous and exogenous
			pigments.
Pathologic			Define Pathologic calcification
calcification			Describe types, morphology and functional
			alterations of pathologic calcification with
			examples.
			Differentiate between dystrophic and metastatic
			calcification.

Foren	Introduction to	Lecture	1	Define death and describe its phases.
sic Medi	Thanatology			Describe criteria of diagnosis of death.
cine				Enlist the importance of diagnosis of death
	Death			Describe the medicolegal aspects of brain stem death and suspended animation
				Define cause, mode, manner and mechanism of death
				Enlist various methods of disposal of dead body
	Death certificate	Lecture	1	Define cause of death
				Describe the WHO format of death certificate
Ophthalmolo	gyCataracts	Lecture	1	Define cataract
				Describe the types of cataracts
				Describe the pathogenesis and complications of cataracts
				Describe the management of cataracts
PRIME Research	Research Protocol	Lecture	1	Describe the steps of developing a research protocol
	Health system		3	Define research and health system research.
	research			List types of research.
				Describe characteristics of health system research.
				Describe building blocks of health system.
				Discuss key areas of concern in health system.
				Discuss briefly research methodology.
				Define and categorize types of health research
	Purpose and process of health research			Explain the purpose of health research
Family	History and	Lecture	1	Describe the historical perspectives of general
Medicine	current structure			practice
	of general practice			Explain the structure of general practice nationally and internationally

Models of healthcare	describe the models of healthcare
Essential health service package (levels of health services in KP)	Describe the levels of health services in the province of KP.

Subject	Торіс	No of Hours	LOs
Pharmacology	Lab protocols; Introduction to Pharmacy; Apparatus used in Pharmacy	02	Identify and name common apparatus used in pharmacy laboratory. Identify and label common apparatus used in the field of Pharmacy.
	Metrology		Define metrology. Describe metric and imperial systems of measurements. Calculate the equivalency of metric system with imperial system. Describe the common medical abbreviations. Apply these abbreviations correctly in medical documentations.
of drugs Searching	Dosage forms of drugs		Define dosage form. Enlist the types of dosage forms. Describe the characteristic properties of each dosage form. Identify dosage forms administered through different routes.
	information in		Define formulary. Describe National Formulary. Demonstrate searching accurate information quickly in a formulary.

			Describe the general protocols for IM and IV injection of a drug.
	To demonstrate IM and I injection of drugs on a dummy (manikin)	04	Demonstrate standard protocols during administration of a drug through Intramuscular route. Demonstrate standard protocols during administration of an IV drug through Intravenous route.
	To demonstrate sub-cutaneous injections	02	
	To demonstrate the Intradermal injections	02	
	Prescriptio n writing	02	Define a medical prescription.
			Describe the components of a prescription.
			Describe how to reduce medication errors.
			Define compliance to the prescribed treatment.
			Write down the basic format of drug prescription.
Pathology	Biosafety	2	Define sterilization and disinfection.
	procedures/ Precautions in		Demonstrate steps of hand washing.
	Microbiology Lab		Enlist various physical and chemical methods of sterilization and
			disinfection.
			Define biosafety and biosecurity.
	Tissue processin	2	Describe steps involved in tissue processing.
g			Identify various tools/instruments involved in tissue processing and their
			indications. Demonstrate slide focusing.
	Gram staining	2	Describe principal and significance of Gram staining.
			Enlist steps of Gram staining.

			Demonstrate Gram staining procedure.
			Identify Gram positive and Gram-negative bacteria morphologically under
			the microscope.
	ZN staining	2	Describe principal and significance of ZN staining.
			Enlist steps of ZN staining.
			Demonstrate ZN staining procedure.
			Identify AFB and inflammatory cells microscopically.
	Culture media	2	Define terms like culture, bacterial colony, media, aerobe, anaerobe, agar,
			selective and differential.
			Describe classification of culture media.
			Describe basic and enriched media, transport media, selective media and
			differential media.
			Describe preparation/ inoculation of culture media.
			Enlist ingredients, indications, important properties
			and organisms grown on various culture media.
	Bacterial	2	Enumerate motile bacteria
	motility		Identify motile bacteria under the microscope
	Hyperplasia	2	Define hypertrophy and hyperplasia.
	(BPH)		Differentiate between hypertrophy and hyperplasia.
	ВРН	2	Describe gross and microscopic morphology of BPH.
			Identify the slide of BPH.
	Atrophy		Define atrophy
	(Testicular atrophy)	2	Describe gross and microscopic features of atrophy over a slide of testicular
			atrophy as an example
	Pathologic	2	Describe causes and various types of calcification.
	calcification		ldentify the slide.
Forensic	Death	1.5	Formulate death certificate based on WHO criteria
medicine	certificate		

Legal	1.5	Doctor in a witness box- role play
procedure		
Recording of	1.5	Recording of dying declaration
evidence		
Consent form	1.5	Take written informed consent for various procedures

MIT:mode of information transfer. E.g. lecture, SGD, DSL, Practical, skill lab etc

Hours Distribution						
The	Theory					
Discipline	No. of hours					
Pathology	18					
Pharmacology	23					
Forensic Medicine	07					
Community Medicine	08					
ENT	01					
Eye	04					
PRIME	10					
Total	71					
Pra	ctical					
Pathology	20					
Pharmacology	18					
Forensic Medicine	06					
Total	44					



6 Examination and Methods of Assessment:

The year-3 will be assessed in 3 blocks.

- 1) Block-1 (Foundation 2 and Infection and Inflammation modules) will be assessed in paper-G.
- 2) Block-2 (Multisystem, blood and MSK modules) will be assessed in paper-H.
- 3) Block-3 (CVS and Respiratory module) will be assessed in paper-I.
- 4) Each written paper consists of 120 MCQs.
- 5) Internal assessment will be added to final marks in KMU.
- 6) In OSPE, each station will be allotted 6 marks, and a total of 120 (+10% marks of internal assessment) marks are allocated for each OSPE/OSCE examination.
- 7) Practical assessment will be in the form of OSPE/OSCE which will also include embedded viva stations. The details of each section are given in the tables given below.

Assessment Plan of 3 rd Year MBBS								
Theory paper	Modules	Theory marks	Internal assessment theory (10%)	OSPE/OSP E	Internal assessment OSPE/OSP E(10%)	Total Mark s		
Paper G	Foundation-II Inf.&Inflamm.	120	14	120	14	268		
Paper H	Multisystem Blood MSK-II	120	13	120	14	267		
Paper I	CVS-II Respiratory-II	120	13	120	12	265		
Tot	tal Marks	360	40	360	40	800		

Paper-G (Foundation 2 and Infection and

Inflammation)

Subject	Foundation 2 module	Infection and Inflammation module	Total MCQs
Pharmacology	19	20	39
Pathology	12	23	35
Forensic medicine	6	08	14
Community medicine	5	10	15
ENT	1	03	04
Eye	3	02	05
PRIME including Research	1+2 (3)	0	03
Medicine	0	01	01
Surgery	0	02	02
Gynaecology	0	01	01
Pediatrics	0	01	01
Total	49	71	120

Table-1: MCQs

Table-2: OSPE

Subject	OSPE/OSC	Viva	Total *
	E	stations	
Pharmacology	2	2	4
Pathology	5	2	7
Forensic	2	2	4
medicine			
Community	1	2	3
medicine			
Medicine	1	0	1
(history and			
physical			
examination)			
Surgery	1	0	1
(history and			
physical			
examination)			
Total	12	8	20

Total12820* A minimum of 20 stations will be used in final exams. Total marks will be 120 (6marks for
each station)



' Learning Opportunities and Resources

7.1 Books:

7.1.1 1)Pharmacology:

- Basic & Clinical Pharmacology, 14th edition
- Goodman Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, 13th edition
- Lippincott Illustrated Reviews Pharmacology, 7th edition

7.1.2 2)Pathology:

- M Jawtz Medical Microbiology 28th edition
- Robbin's Basic Pathology 10th edition
- Warren Levinson Microbiology 16th edition

Website: https://www.medicotime.com

7.1.3 3)Forensic Medicine: 1-Principles and practice of Forensic Medicine by Naseeb R awan

2-Text book of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology by Nagesh Kumar G Rao.

3-Praikhs textbook of medical jurisprudence and toxicology .

Website:

AIDS Medicolegal Aspects-NCBI:https://ncbi.nlm.nih.gov

7.1.4 4)Community Medicine:

1. Park K. Park's textbook for preventive and social medicine. 23rd ed. Bhanot publishers: Jabalpur;2015

Link for free download PDF: https://medicalstudyzone.com/download-parks-textbook-of-preventive-and-social-medicine-25th-edition-pdf-

free/#Download_Park8217s_Textbook_of_Preventive_and_Social_Medicine_PDF_free

2. Ansari IS. Textbook of Community Medicine. 8th ed. Time publisher, medical division

8 Timetables					
AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD					
TIMETABLE OF 3 RD YEAR MBBS CLASS FOR THE SESSION 2024					

WEEK 01: Foundation II Module Theme 01 (Molecules and Bacteria)

_					Noiecules and Dacteria	<u> </u>		
Days	8:00-9:00	9:00-10:00	10:00-11:00	11:00-12:00	12:00-12:45	12:45-	PRAC	TICAL
						1:15	1:15-2:00	2:00-3:00
Mon	Community Med	Gen. Pathology			Pharmacology		A: Pharmacodynar	nics
	Introduction to	Introduction			Introduction/Terms &		B: Pharmacy	
	subject	Dr. Fouzia	HÖSPIT	AL DUTY	Nomenclature		C: Pathology	
	Dr. Rizwana	L1			Dr. Haqnawaz		D: Forensic Med	
	L1				L1			
Tue	Pharmacology	Microbiology			Forensic Med		A: Forensic Med	
	Introduction/Terms	Introduction			Introduction		B: Pharmacodynan	nics
	& Nomenclature	Dr. Jamila Farid	HÖSPIT	AL DUTY	Dr. Omair		C: Pharmacy	
	Dr. Haqnawqaz	L2			L1		D: Pathology	
	L2							-
Wed	Community Med	Pharmacology			Microbiology	X	ENT	PRIME
	Health System	Sources & Drug	HOSPIT	AL DUTY	Bacterial Cell	RE/	Introduction	Psychiatry
	Introduction	Development			Dr. Nasreen Gul	R B	Dr. Imran Shah	Dynamics
	Dr. Rizwana	Dr. Saima Bukhari			L3	YEI	L1	Dr. Zainab Khalid
	L2	L3				PRAYER BREAK		L1
Thurs	PRAC	TICAL			Ophthalmology		Microbiology	Pharmacology
	A: Pathology				Introduction		Bacterial Cell	Sources & Drug
	B: Forensic Med		HOSPITAL DUTY		Dr. Sajid Kazmi		Dr. Nasreen	Development
	C: Pharmacodynamics	5			L1		L4	Dr. Saima
	D: Pharmacy							Bukhari L4
Fri	PRAC	TICAL	Microbiology	Community Med	PRIME			•
	A: Pharmacy		Classification of Health & Disease		Psychiatry		HALFDAY	
	B: Pathology		Bacteria	Dr. Rizwana	Professional Identity			
	C: Forensic Med		Dr. Nasreen Gul	L3	Dr. Ayesha Saleem			
	D: Pharmacodynamics	5	L5		L2			

Pharmacodynamics: Lab Protocols

Pharmacy: Lab Protocols

Pathology: Sterilization

Forensic medicine: Consent form

AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD TIMETABLE OF 3RD YEAR MBBS CLASS FOR THE SESSION 2024 WEEK 02: Foundation II Module Theme 01 (Molecules and Bacteria)

9:00-10:00 Days 8:00-9:00 10:00-11:00 11:00-12:00 12:00-12:45 12:45-PRACTICAL 1:15 1:15-2:00 2:00-3:00 Mon **Community Med** Microbiology Microbiology A: Pharmacodynamics Health & Disease Bacterial growth Lab Dx of Bacterial **B:** Forensic Medicine Infections Dr. Rizwana Curve HOSPITAL DUTY C: Pathology 1 L4 Dr. Nasreen Gul Dr. Maria D: Pathology 2 L6 L7 **Community Med** A: Pathology 2 Tue Pharmacology Microbiology Normal Flora Routes of Drug Primary Health Care **B:** Pharmacodynamics Dr. Rizwana Dr. Sadaf **C:** Forensic Medicine Administration HOSPITAL DUTY Dr. Nisar Ahmed L5 L8 D: Pathology 1 L5 Wed Microbiology Pharmacology PRIME Microbiology Pharmacology **Bacterial Genetics Routes of Drug** HOSPITAL DUTY Psychiatry Routes of Drug Bacterial **PRAYER BREAK** Dr. Nasreen Gul Administration Attributes Administration Pathogenesis L9 Dr. Nisar Ahmed Dr. Ayesha Saleem Dr. Nisar Ahmad Dr. Sadaf L6 L3 L7 L10 PRACTICAL Microbiology Thurs PRIME Community Med A: Pathology 1 **Antibacterial Vaccines** Research Surgery B: Pathology 2 HOSPITAL DUTY Dr. Sadaf Dealing with the Protocol **C:** Pharmacodynamics L11 Patient Dr. Zainab **D:** Forensic Medicine Dr. Danish Nazmeen L6 L4 Fri PRACTICAL **Community Med** Pharmacology PRIME A: Forensic Medicine **Health System** Drug Absorption Surgery HALFDAY B: Pathology 1 Research Dr. Azfar Communication with Adm C: Pathology 2 Dr. Yousaf Dr. Zainab L8 **D:** Pharmacodynamics L5 Nazmeen L7

Pharmacodynamics: Routes of Drug Administration

Forensic Med: Recording of Evidence

Pathology 1: Tissue Processing

Pathology 2: Culture Media

		TIME	TABLE OF 3RD YE	AR MBBS CLASS F	OR THE SESSION 2024			
		WEEK 0	3: Foundation II N	1odule Theme 01	(Molecules and Bacteria)		
Days	8:00-9:00	9:00-10:00	10:00-11:00	11:00-12:00	12:00-12:45	12:45-	PRAC	TICAL
						1:15	1:15-2:00	2:00-3:00
Mon	Pharmacology Drug Bioavailability Dr. Maha L9	Ophthalmology Refractive Errors Dr. Sajid Kazmi L2	HOSPIT	AL DUTY	PRIME Surgery Communication with Adm Dr. Yousaf L6		A: Pharmacodynar B: Pharmacy C: Pathology D: Forensic Medici	
Tue	Pharmacology Drug Distribution Dr. Mahwish Gul L10	Ophthalmology Watery Eyes Dr. Danish L3	HOSPITA	AL DUTY	Pharmacology Drug Distribution Dr. Mahwish Gul L11		A: Forensic Medici B: Pharmacodynar C: Pharmacy D: Pathology	
Wed	Community Med Purpose & process of Health Research Dr. Zainab Nazmeen L8	Pharmacology Biotransformation Dr. Afsheen L12	HOSPIT	AL DUTY	Pharmacology Biotransformation Dr. Afsheen L13	PRAYER BREAK	Forensic Med Law & Medico Legal System Dr. Omair L2	SDL
Thurs			HOSPITAL DUTY		Pharmacology Biotransformation Dr. Afsheen L14		Ophthalmology Cataract Dr. Amir Zeb L4	Pharmacology Pharmacokinetics Dr. Sumbal Tariq L15
Fri	Fri PRACTICAL A: Pharmacy B: Pathology C: Forensic Medicine D: Pharmacodynamics		Pharmacology Pharmacokinetics Dr. Sumbal Tariq L16	PRIME Surgery Dealing with Patient Dr. Danish L7	Forensic Med Chain of Evidence Dr. Salma Shazia L3		HAL	FDAY

AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD

Pharmacodynamics: Demonstrate IV Injection Pharmacy: Metrology and Medical Abbreviations Pathology: Gram Staining Forensic medicine: Legal Proceedures

		TIME	TABLE OF 3RD YE	AR MBBS CLASS F	OR THE SESSION 2024			
					ell injury, Ageing & Deat	<u>h)</u>		
Days	8:00-9:00	9:00-10:00	10:00-11:00	11:00-12:00	12:00-12:45	12:45-	PRACTICAL	
						1:15	1:15-2:00	2:00-3:00
Mon	Gen. Pathology Cell Injury Dr. Fouzia L12	Pharmacology Pharmacokinetics Dr. Sumbal Tariq L17	HOSPIT	AL DUTY	PRIME Surgery Motivation Dr. Yousaf L8		A: Pharmacy B: Pathology 1 C: Pathology 2 D: Pharmacodynam	ics
Tue	Gen. Pathology Necrosis Dr. Fouzia L13	Forensic Med Medical Jurisprudence Dr. Salma Shazia L4	HOSPIT	AL DUTY	Pharmacology Drug Receptors Dr. Saad Mufti L18		A: Pathology 2 B: Pharmacodynami C: Pharmacy D: Pathology 1	cs
Wed	Gen. Pathology Mechanism of Cell Injury Dr. Fouzia L14	Forensic Med Medical Jurisprudence Dr. Salma Shazia L5	HOSPIT	AL DUTY	Pharmacology Drug Receptors Dr. Saad Mufti L19	PRAYER BREAK	Gen. Pathology Mechanism of Cell Injury Dr. Fouzia L15	SDL
Thurs	PRAC A: Pathology 1 B: Pharmacodynamic: C: Pharmacy D: Pathology 2	TICAL s	HOSPITAL DUTY		Gen. Pathology Apoptosis Dr. Fouzia L16	PRAY	PRIME Community Med Purpose & Process of Health Research Dr. Zainab Nazmeen L9	SDL
Fri	PRAC A: Pharmacy B: Pathology 1 C: Pathology 2 D: Pharmacodynamic	TICAL	Gen. Pathology Cellular Adaptations Dr. Fouzia L17	Pharmacology Dose Response Curve Dr. Wajid Ali L20	PRIME Community Med Purpose & Process of Health Research Dr. Zainab Nazmeen L10		HALFE	DAY

AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD

Pharmacy: Dosage form of Drugs Pathology 1: ZN Staining Pathology 2: Hyperplasia (BPH) Pharmacodynamics: Routes of Drug Administration (Sub Cutaneous)

Name & Sign of Module Coordinator

		TIME	TABLE OF 3RD YE	AR MBBS CLASS FO	OR THE SESSION 2024			
					ell injury, Ageing & Deat	th)		
Days	8:00-9:00	9:00-10:00	10:00-11:00	11:00-12:00	12:00-12:45	12:45-	PRACTICAL	
						1:15	1:15-2:00	2:00-3:00
Mon	Gen. Pathology Intra Cellular Accumulation Dr. Fouzia L18	Forensic Med Thanatology Dr. Nighat Seema L6	HOSPIT	AL DUTY	Pharmacology Dose Response Curve Dr. Wajid Ali L21		A: Pharmacodynar B: Pharmacy C: Pathology D: Forensic Medici	
Tue	Forensic Med Death Certificate Dr. Sadia L7	Pharmacology Drug Interactions Dr. M Faheem L22	HOSPIT	AL DUTY	Pharmacology Drug Interactions Dr. M Faheem L23		A: Forensic Medici B: Pharmacodynar C: Pharmacy D: Pathology	-
Wed	Pathology Cells & Vascular phase of Inflammation Dr. Ammar L1	Pharmacology Overview of Antiinflamatory Drugs Dr. Nisar L1	HOSPITAL DUTY		Forensic Med Antidot Dr. Saadia L1	PRAYER BREAK	Ophthalmology Acute & Chronic Dacryocystitis Dr. Bushra L1	PRIME Psychiatry Attributes of Professionalism Dr. Zainab Khalid L1
Thurs	PRAC A: Pathology B: Forensic Medicine C: Pharmacodynamic D: Pharmacy		HOSPITAL DUTY		Pharmacology NSAIDs & Toxicity of NSAIDs Dr. Nisar L2		Pathology Cellular Phase of Acute Inflammation Dr. Ammar L2	Community Med Infectious Diseases Epidemiology Dr. Adnan L1
Fri	PRAC A: Pharmacy B: Pathology C: Forensic Medicine D: Pharmacodynamic	CTICAL	ENT Acute & Chronic Pharyngitis Dr. Imran Shah L1	Forensic Med Steps of Management in a Case of Poisoning Dr. Saadia L2	Pathology Plasma & Cell derived Mediators Dr. Ammar L 3		HAL	FDAY

AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD

Pharmacodynamics: Route of Drug Administration (Intra Dermal)

Pharmacy: Searching Information In a Formulary

Pathology: Motility Test

Forensic medicine: Death Certificate



Please contact *To be added*

10 Course Fee	dback Form	
Course Title:		
Semester/Module	Dates:	
Please fill the short questionnaire to make t	he course better.	
Please respond below with 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, w	here 1 and 5 are explained.	
THE DESIGN OF THE MODLUE		
A. Were objectives of the course clear to you?	Y 🗌 N 🔲	
B. The course contents met with your expectations		
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
C. The lecture sequence was well-planned		
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
D. The contents were illustrated with		
l. Too few examples	5. Adequate examples	
E. The level of the course was		
l. Too low	5. Too high	
F. The course contents compared with your expecta	itions	
l. Too theoretical	5. Too empirical	
$G. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	ractices	
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
H. Will you recommend this course to your colleagu	es?	
l. Not at all	5. Very strongly	
THE CONDUCT OF THE MODLUE		
$A. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$		
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
B. The teaching aids were effectively used		
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
$C. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $		
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
D. The instructors encouraged interaction and were	helpful	
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree	
E. Were objectives of the course realized? $\ \ Y$	N	

F. Please give overall rating of the course

90% - l00%	()	60% - 70%	()
80% - 90%	()	50% - 60%	()
70% - 80%	()	below 50%	()

Please comment on the strengths of the course and the way it was conducted.

Please comment on the weaknesses of the course and the way it was conducted.

Please give suggestions for the improvement of the course.

Optional - Your name and contact address:

Thank you!!