AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION



EYE MODULE

4TH YEAR MBBS

вьоск: М

DURATION: 1 YEAR

SESSION: 2024

STUDENT NAME

DISCLAIMER

- Developing a study guide is a dynamic process and undergoes iteration according to the needs and priorities.
 - This study guide is subjected to the change and modification over the whole academic year.
 - However, students are advised to use it as a guide for respective modules.
- It is to declare that the learning objectives (general and specific) and the distribution
 of assessment tools (both theory and practical) are obtained from Khyber Medical
 University, Peshawar. These can be obtained from:

https://kmu.edu.pk/examination/guidelines

• The time tables are for guiding purpose. It is to advise that final timetables are always displayed over the notice boards of each lecture hall.

Students are encouraged to provide feedback via coordinator.

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1 Module Committee:

S.	Name	Departm	Role		
no		ent			
1.	Prof. Dr. Umar Farooq		CEO & Dean		
2.	Prof. Dr. Irfan U. Khattak		Director DME		
		Мо	dule Team		
3.	Dr. Danish Zafar	EYE	Block Coordinator		
4.	Prof Hasan Sajid Kazmi	EYE	Module Coordinator		
5.	Prof. Dr Zulfiqar Ali	EYE	Member		
6.	Dr. Amir Zeb	EYE	E Member		
7.	Dr. Bushra Aaqil	EYE	Member		

2 What Is A Study Guide?

It is an aid to Inform students how student learning program of the module has been organized, to help students organize and manage their studies throughout the module and guide students on assessment methods, rules and regulations.

2.1 The study guide:

- Communicates information on organization and management of the module.
- This will help the student to contact the right person in case of any difficulty.
- Defines the objectives which are expected to be achieved at the end of the module.
- Identifies the learning strategies such as lectures, small group teachings.

2.2 Module objectives.

- Provides a list of learning resources such as books, computer-assisted learning programs, weblinks, and journals, for students to consult in order to maximize their learning.
- Highlights information on the contribution of continuous on the student's overall performance.
- Includes information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's performance.

2.3 Achievement of objectives.

Focuses on information pertaining to examination policy, rules and regulations.



3 Recommended List Of Icons



Introduction To Case



For Objectives



Critical Questions



Assessment



Resource Material

4 Organization of Module

4.1 Introduction:

Welcome to the vision module. As we know that vision is one of the special senses and very important in the sense that a large percentage of new information gathered by a person is by visual means.

A person who is blind can be a big burden on the society. We should try to decrease the incidence of preventable blindness by taking appropriate measures to limit the disease and educate the masses by running awareness campaigns for the general public. In case of non preventable blindness we should come up with ways to make a blind person more useful to the society.

In this module you will learn about the structure and functions of the eye, visual pathways and the visual cortex as well as common diseases of the eye and their treatment.

4.2 Rationale

The end organ responsible for vision is the eye. It is a part of the central nervous system and as there is limited regeneration in the CNS, most of the parts of the eye also have no or very limited regeneration power.

The eye has got a complex structure and to understand its function it is necessary to know the different parts of the eye, their organization and functioning of the individual parts and their integration with each other. In this way we would be able to treat the diseases of the eyes in timely manner and more efficiently.

The main function of the eye is to transmit light into the eye, refract and focus it onto the retina, from where the photoreceptors would be stimulated and send an impulse to the brain through visual pathway. The brain processes the received signals and an image is formed.

The eye is affected by various internal and external factors. Moreover, many systemic diseases such as diabetes, hypertension etc. may show signs in the eye and can disturb its function.

The student needs to have this knowledge of structure, function and common diseases of the eye and their treatment so that he / she understands it properly and is in a better position to deal with the problems of the eye.



5 Learning Objectives

5.1 General Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module the students would be able to;

5.1.1 Knowledge

- 1. Describe the visual standards.
- 2. Define and classify blindness.
- 3. Describe the anatomy and physiology of visual pathway and different visual field defects.
- 4. Describe the basics and usage of optical coherence tomography (OCT), visual fields and ultrasonography in common eye disorders.
- 5. Differentiate different types of lid bumps and propose a management plan for it.
- 6. Discuss ptosis, ectropion and entropion and describe the treatment options.
- 7. Examine bulgy eyes and investigate different causes of it.
- 8. Describe the differential diagnosis of red eye.
- 9. Explain the pathophysiology, and management of different conjunctival inflammations.
- 10. Explain the pathophysiology, and management of different corneal inflammations.
- 11. Discuss the pathophysiology, and management of uveal inflammations.
- 12. Describe the aqueous humor dynamics and its role in glaucoma.
- 13. Enumerate different causes of gradual visual loss and propose their management plan.
- 14. Enumerate different causes of sudden visual loss (painful/painless) and propose their management plan.
- 15. Describe squint, its presentation and principles of management.
- 16. Enumerate different causes of double vision and propose their management plan.
- 17. Enumerate different causes of childhood blindness and propose their management plan.
- 18. Discuss the clinical importance of white pupil in children.
- 19. Define amblyopia, describe its causes and management.
- 20. Differentiate between different terms used in ocular trauma.
- 21. Propose the management plan of ocular injuries.

5.1.2 Skills

- 1. Take detailed history in ocular conditions
- 2. Check visual acuity.
- 3. Perform pupillary examination.
- 4. Perform visual fields examination by confrontation methods.
- 5. Identify parts of slit-lamp
- 6. Examine anterior segment on slit lamp

- 7. Perform direct ophthalmoscopy
- 8. Identify trial lenses used in refraction.
- 9. Perform indirect ophthalmoscopy
- 10. Describe/interpret the results of OCT, Visual fields, Biometry, B-scan, FFA, Corneal topography
- 11. Observe Eversion of upper lids
- 12. Perform ptosis examination.
- 13. Observe ptosis surgery
- 14. Examine common lid abnormalities (Ectropion, Entropion, Chalazion, Stye)
- 15. Identify instruments used in lids surgery
- 16. Observe lid reconstruction procedures
- 17. Observe proptosis
- 18. Perform topical anesthesia and staining.
- 19. Observe corneal foreign body removal.
- 20. Observe corneal scrapping.
- 21. Observe keratoplasty.
- 22. Perform lacrimal regurgitation test.
- 23. Observe DCR surgery and identify instruments used
- 24. Observe first aid to Ocular trauma
- 25. Perform eye wash in chemical injury.
- 26. Observe OGI surgery.
- 27. Examine normal, glaucomatous and swollen disc
- 28. Detect common retinal conditions
- 29. Differentitate different retinal vascular conditions.
- 30. Identify RD in pictures
- 31. Observe Retinal detachment surgery
- 32. Use of lasers in eye
- 33. Intravitreal injections
- 34. Observe goldman tonometery
- 35. Observe Glaucoma filtration surgery
- 36. Observe congenital glaucoma examination (EUA) and surgery
- 37. Detect cataract on ocular examination
- 38. Observe types of Adult and Congenital cataract surgery
- 39. Perform extraocular movements and squint examination
- 40. Perform cover / uncover / alternate cover tests
- 41. Identify the pattern of squint (Esotropia vs. Exotropia)
- 42. Observe squint surgery

5.2 Table Of Specifications (TOS)

Theme 1:- VISION MODULE 4TH YEAR FOUNDATION OF OPHTHALLMOLOGY

5.2.1	5.2.2 Learning objectives	Theme	1: Foundat	ion of	:	
	Ophthalmology		1		T	
Topic	Learning objectives	MIT	Tools	Time	TEACHER NAME	Asmt
Standards Of Vision and Blindness	 Discuss visual standards and blindness according to WHO classification. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	мсо
Pupil Reflexes and Drugs Used In Common Eye Conditions	 Describe the normal and abnormal pupil reflexes. Discuss drugs used in common eye diseases. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	МСО
Visual Pathway and Visual Field Defects	4. Describe the visual pathway.5. Describe the common visual field defects.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ
Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) and Visual fields (VF)	Discuss the uses of OCT and VF in ophthallmology.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR.AMIR	MCQ
Fundus Fluorescein Angiography (FFA) and Ultrasonography	Discuss the uses of FFA and Ultrasonography in ophthalmology.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR.AMIR	MCQ
Optics & Eye	8. Discuss visual functions (visual acuity, color vision, contrast sensitivity, light brightness), Refraction, Pseudophakia, Aphakia, and Anisometropia	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ
Refractive Errors	 Discuss pathophysiology and clinical presentation of myopia, hypermetropia, astigmatism and presbyopia 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	МСС
Correction Of Refractive Errors	 Describe management of myopia, hypermetropia, astigmatism and presbyopia 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	МСО
Differential Diagnosis Of Lid Bumps	11. Discuss overview of different causes of lid bumps.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ
Chalazion, Stye	12. Describe pathophysiology and management of chalazion and stye.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ

Tumors of Eyelids	13. Discuss different eyelid	Lecture	Multimedia	01	DR.	MCQ
	tumors and its		+lecture		DANISH	
	pathogenesis.		hall			

Theme 2:-

Topic	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	MIT	TOOLS	TIME	TEACHER NAME	Asmt
Management of Lid Bumps	14. Describe management plan of lid bumps.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	02	DR. DANISH	MCQS
Ptosis	 Discuss causes of ptosis, assessment and their management. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQS
Trichiasis, Entropion and Ectropion	 Discuss Trichiasis, Entropior and Ectropion, assessment and their management. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQS
Proptosis – Basics	17. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of proptosis ir children and adults		Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQS
Preseptal and Orbital Cellulitis	 18. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of proptosis ir children and adults. 19. Enumerate Differential diagnosis / causes of 		Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQS
	proptosis in children and adults.					
Thyroid Eye disease (TED)	20. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of TED	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQS
Myasthenia Gravis & Migraine	21. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Myasthenia Gravis.		Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQS
	 Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Migraine. 					
Red eye	 23. Enumerate causes of red eye. 24. Describe pathophysiology and management of different conjunctival (Bacterial/Viral/Fungal/Aller 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	02	DR. BUSHRA	MCQS
Corneal Inflammations/	gic) inflammations. 25. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture	01	DR. BUSHRA	MCQS

Infections Bacterial Keratitis	infection inflamm 26. Discuss in corneal 27. Discuss in features manage	investigations for	Lecture	hall Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. BUSHRA	MCQS
Fungal, Viral & Acanthamoeba Keratitis	features manage fungal, v	the etiology, clinical s, investigation and ment of different viral & moeba corneal	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	02	DR. BUSHRA	MCQS
Dacryocystitis	features manage nasolacr obstruct 30. Assess th children 31. Differen acute or Dacryoc 32. Discuss th	he time of probing in . tiate between acute, n chronic and chronic ystitis. the etiology, clinical s, investigation and ment of	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. BUSHRA	MCQS
Dry Eyes	33. Discuss features manage with spe	the etiology, clinical s, investigation and ment of Dry Eyes ecial emphasis on Vit. ency and Sjogren's	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. BUSHRA	MCQS
Pterygium, Pseudo- Pterygium, Episcleritis & Scleritis	pterygiu	n Pterygium, Pseudo- ım, Episcleritis & and their	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. BUSHRA	MCQS

5.2.4 N	odule name (Renal II)					
Topic		MIT	TOOLS	TIME	TEACHER NAME	ASSES- MENT

Blepharitis	35. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of blepharitis.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. DANISH	MCQ
Basic Concepts In Ocular Trauma	 36. Discuss definitions, classification & clinical evaluation of ocular injuries and principles of management. 37. Discuss corneal and conjunctival foreign bodies and their treatment. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Open Globe Injury (OGI) / IOFB / Sympathetic Ophthalmia (SO)	 38. Classify OGI. 39. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of OGI and IOFB. 40. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of SO. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Closed Globe Injury (CGI) Orbital Floor Injury	 41. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of CGI. 42. Classify CGI. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Radiation, Thermal, Chemical Injuries	 43. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of radiation injury. 44. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of thermal injury 45. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of chemical injury. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Visual Rehabilitation	 46. Discuss various options of visual rehabilitation after ocular trauma. 47. Discuss rehabilitation services for blind people in our setup. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Uveitis – Basics	48. Discuss Definitions, classifications, history workup of uveitis.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ

Anterior & Posterior Uveitis	 49. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of anterior uveitis. 50. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Posterior Uveitis. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Visual Loss & Intraocular Pressure (IOP)	 51. Classify causes of visual loss in following order: 52. Visual Loss associated with anterior segment. 53. Visual Loss associated with Posterior segment. 54. Discuss Aqueous humor dynamics and its role in IOP. 55. Enumerate causes of gradual & sudden visual loss. 56. Define and Classify Glaucoma. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Open angle glaucoma	 57. Discuss the differences between POAG, NTG and OHT. 58. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of POAG. 59. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of NTG. 60. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of NTG. 60. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of OHT. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01 01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Primary Angle Closure Glaucoma (PACG)	 61. Discuss briefly the stages of PACG. 62. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of acute angle closure. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01 01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ

Neovascular Glaucoma & Lens Induced Glaucoma	 63. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Neovascular glaucoma. 64. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of lens induced glaucoma. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Treatment Options In Glaucoma	65. Enumerate different treatment options in glaucoma.66. Discuss the indications of each treatment option.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Cataract	 67. Define cataract. 68. Describe the types of Age related cataract. 69. Describe the pathogenesis and complications of cataract. 70. Describe the management of cataract. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Cataract Surgery Complications	 71. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Endophthalmitis. 72. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Panophthalmitis. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	DR. AMIR	MCQ
Corneal Ectasia, Dystrophy & Degeneration	 73. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of keratoconus. 74. Give overview of corneal dystrophies and degenerations. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	Dr. Bushra	MCQ
Diabetic Eye Disease	 75. Discuss the effects of diabetes on eye. 76. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Diabetic Eye Disease (Diabetic Retinopathy and maculopathy). 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	мсо

Theme 4:-

Topic		MIT	Tool	Time	Teacher name	Asmt
Hypertensive Retinopathy	 77. Discuss the effects of hypertension on eye. 78. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Hypertensive Retinopathy. 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Central Retinal Vein Occlusion (CRVO) And	79. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of CRVO	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Central Retinal Artery Occlusion (CRAO)	80. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of CRAO	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Retinal Detachment (RD)	81. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of RD.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Choroidal Melanoma	 82. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of choroidal melanoma. 83. Describe the importar of this condition on 	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Night Blindness – Retinitis Pigmentosa, Vit. A Deficiency	mortality. 84. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Retinipigmentosa. 85. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of Vit. A deficiency.		Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. SAJID	MCQ
Optic neuritis	86. Classify optic neuritis. 87. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of optic neuritis.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ
Hereditary, Nutritional &	88. Discuss the etiology, clinical features,	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ

Toxic Optic	investigation and		hall			
Neuropathies	management of these		1			
'	optic neuropathies.					
Papilledema	89. Describe the difference	Lecture	Multimedia		PROF DR.	MCQ
	between papilledema		+lecture	01	ZULFIQUAR	
	and disc swelling.		hall			
	90. Discuss the etiology,		1			
	clinical features,					
	investigation and					
	management of					
	papilledema.					
White pupil	91. Describe the importance	Lecture	Multimedia			MCQ
(leukocoria)	of white pupil in children.		+lecture	01	DR. AMIR	
and	92. Differentiate different		hall			
Retinoblastoma	causes of white pupil in					
(RB)	children.					
	93. Discuss investigations in					
	white pupil. 94. Discuss the etiology,					
	clinical features,					
	investigation and					
	management of RB.					
Congenital	95. Define congenital	Lecture	Multimedia	01	DR.AMIR	MCQ
Cataract	cataract.	Lecture	+lecture			
	96. Describe the types of		hall			
	congenital cataracts.		'''			
	97. Describe the					
	pathogenesis and					
	complications of					
	congenital cataracts.					
	98. Describe the					
	management of					
	congenital cataracts.					1100
Congenital	99. Discuss the etiology,	Lecture	Multimedia	04	PROF DR.	MCQ
Glaucoma	clinical features,		+lecture	01	SAJID	
	investigation and management of		hall			
	Congenital Glaucoma.					
Amblyopia	100.Define Amblyopia.	Lecture	Multimedia		PROF DR.	MCQ
	101. Discuss the etiology,	Lecture	+lecture	01	ZULFIQUAR	
	clinical features,		hall		ZOLI IQUAN	
	investigation and		lian			
	management of					
	amblyopia.					
Squint – Basics	102. Discuss definitions,	Lecture	Multimedia		PROF DR.	MCQ
	clinical evaluation of		+lecture	01	ZULFIQUAR	
	squint and principles of		hall			
	management					
Concomitant	103. Define concomitant	Lecture	Multimedia		PROF DR.	MCQ
Squint	squint.		+lecture	01	ZULFIQUAR	
Esotropia	104. Discuss the etiology,		hall			
	clinical features,					
	investigation and					
	management of					15

	esotropia.					
Exotropia	105. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of exotropia.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ
Diplopia & Incomitant Squint	106. Discuss differential diagnosis/causes of diplopia. 107. Define incomitant squint. 108. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 3 rd nerve palsy. 109. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 4 th nerve palsy. 110. Discuss the etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of 6 th nerve palsy.	Lecture	Multimedia +lecture hall	01	PROF DR. ZULFIQUAR	MCQ



6 Examination and Methods of Assessment:

The year-4 will be assessed in 5 blocks.

- 1) Block-1 (Neurosciences-2 module) will be assessed in paper-J.
- 2) Block-2 (GIT and hepatobiliary module-2 will be assessed in paper-K.
- 3) Block-3 (Renal-2, Endocrine and Reproduction-2 module) will be assessed in paper-L.
- 4) Block-4 (ENT module) will be assessed in paper M-1.
- 5) Block-5 (Eye module) will be assessed in paper M-2.
- 6) Each written paper consists of 120 MCQs except for ENT & Eye papers which includes 90 MCQs each.
- 7) Internal assessment will be added to final marks in KMU.
- 8) For ENT (M-1 module) and Eye (M-2 module), the marks allocated for each OSCEstation will be 5, while the rest of the modules are allotted 6 marks per OSCE station.
- Practical assessment will be in the form of OSPE/OSCE which will also include embedded viva stations.

Assessment Plan for 4th Year MBBS								
Theory paper	Modules	Theory marks	Internal assessment theory (10%)	OSPE/OSP E	Internal assessment OSPE/OSP E(10%)	TOTA L MARK S		
Paper J	Neurosciences-2	120	13	120	13	266		
Paper K	GIT-2	120	13	120	13	266		
Paper L	Renal-2 and Endocrine and Reproduction	120	14	120	13	267		
Paper M-1	ENT	90	10	75*	8	183		
Paper M-2	EYE	90	10	75*	8	183		
Research**						35		
Total Mark s		480	53	500	67	1200		

^{*}For ENT (M-1 module) and Eye (M-2 module), the marks allocated for each OSCE station will be 5, while the rest of the modules are allotted 6 marks per OSPE/OSCE station.

^{**}Research viva of 20 marks will be conducted in paper-L. However, the rest of the 15 marks will be decided by the concerned department internally for the contribution of the students in research project/thesis.

Paper M-2 (Eye module)

Table-9: MCQs

Module	Total MCQs
Eye	90

Table-10: OSCE

Module	Total OSCE stations
Eye	15

- For blocks J, K, and L, a minimum of 20 stations will be used in final exams. Total marks will be 120 (6 marks for each station).
- For M-1 and M-2, there will be 15 stations during each assessment with5 marks per station.



7 Learning Opportunities and Resources

7.1 Books:

Ophthalmology Shafi Jatoi
 Clinical Ophthalmology Jack J Kanski

3. Parsons Diseases of the Eye

8 For inquiry and troubleshooting



Please contact *Dr Danish Zafar Chairperson EYE Department*

9 Course Feed	back Form	l			
Course Title:					
Semester/Module	Dates:				
Please fill the short questionnaire to make the cou	irse better.				
Please respond below with 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, where 1	and 5 are explained.				
THE DESIGN OF THE MODLUE					
A. Were objectives of the course clear to you?	Y				
B. The course contents met with your expectation	ns				
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree				
C. The lecture sequence was well-planned					
 Strongly disagree 	5. Strongly agree				
D. The contents were illustrated with					
I. Too few examples	5. Adequate examples				
E. The level of the course was					
I. Too low 5. Too high					
F. The course contents compared with your expe	ctations				
I. Too theoretical	5. Too empirical				
${\rm G.}$ The course exposed you to new knowledge and	d practices				
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree				
H. Will you recommend this course to your collea	gues?				
I. Not at all	5. Very strongly				
THE CONDUCT OF THE MODLUE					
A. The lectures were clear and easy to understand	d				
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree				
B. The teaching aids were effectively used	0,7 0				
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree				
C. The course material handed out was adequate					
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree				
D. The instructors encouraged interaction and we	<i></i>				
I. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree				

					5
E.	Were objectives of the course realized?	Υ	N		
					_
					5

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	90% - 100%	()	60%	- 70%	()
	80% - 90%	•)		- 60%	•)
	70% - 80%	•)		v 50%	()
lease comment	on the strengths o	of the c	ourse and	the way it w	as cond	ucted.	
lease comment	on the weaknesse	s of th	e course a	nd the way it	was co	nducte	ed.
lease give sugge	estions for the imp	rovem	ent of the	course.			
)ptional – Your r	name and contact a	addres	s:				
							The class
							Thank you