AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION



REPRODUCTION I MODULE

2nd Year MBBS

BLOCK: F (REPRODUCTION I)

DURATION: 02 WEEKS SESSION: 2024

STUDENT NAME

Module Committee:

S.No	Name	Department	Role
1.	Prof. Dr. Umar Farooq	CEC	O & Dean
2.	Dr. Sadia Habib	DME	Deputy Director
3.	Dr. Ayesha Rafiq	DME	Coordinator
		Module Team	
4.	Prof. Dr. Munazza Qasim	HOD Physiology	Block Coordinator
5.	Dr. Alruba Taimoor	Asst. Prof. Physiology	Module Coordinator(reproduction)
6.	Dr Asfandyar Qureshi	Senior lectutrer	Module developer(Repro)

What Is a Study Guide?

It is an aid to Inform students how student learning program of the module has been organized, to help students organize and manage their studies throughout the module and guide students on assessment methods, rules and regulations.

5.1: The study guide:

- Communicates information on organization and management of the module.
- This will help the student to contact the right person in case of any difficulty.
- Defines the objectives which are expected to be achieved at the end of the module.
- Identifies the learning strategies such as lectures, small group teachings.

5.2: Module objectives.

- Provides a list of learning resources such as books, computer-assisted learning programs, web links, and journals, for students to consult in order to maximize their learning.
- Highlights information on the contribution of continuous on the student's overall performance.
- Includes information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's performance.

5.3: Achievement of objectives.

Focuses on information pertaining to examination policy, rules and regulations.

5.3: CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK:

STUDENTS WILL EXPERIENCE INTEGRATED CURRICULUM.

Integrated curriculum:

An integrated curriculum is all about making connections, whether to real life or across the disciplines, about skills or about knowledge. An integrated curriculum fuses subject areas, experiences, and real-life knowledge together to make a more fulfilling and tangible learning environment for students. Integrated teaching means that subjects are presented as a meaningful whole. Students will be able to have better understanding of basic sciences when they repeatedly learn in relation to clinical examples. Case based discussions, computer-based assignments, early exposure to clinics, wards, and skills acquisition in skills lab are characteristics

		4
of	f integrated teaching program.	

Recommended List Of Icons



Introduction To Case



For Objectives



Critical Questions



Assessment



Resource Material

Table of Specification (TOs)

S.	Discipline	Lectures	LGD	SGD /	Practical	Tutorials	%distril	outionof	No.	%1	or
No.		(No. of	(No.	Demonstration	(No. of	(No. of	hours		of	M	Qs
		hours)	of	/ Dissection	hours)	hours)	subject	wise	MCQs		
			hours)	(No. of hours)							
1.	Gross	24	4		12				0	0	
	Anatomy						41%	65%			
2.	Histology	6	6				12%		5	6%	
3.	Embryology	6	6				12%		1	1%	
4.	Physiology	10			2	6	1	8%	37	46	
5.	Biochemistry	2			4		6'	%	24	30	
6.	Pharmacology	1					1	.%	2	2	
7.	General	1					1%				
	Surgery										
8.	Community	1					1	%	1	1	
	medicine										
9.	Forensic	2						2%			
	medicine										
10.	General	1					1%	•	5	6	
	Medicine										
11.	Pediatrics	1					1%)	1	1	
12.	Gynaecology	1					1%)			
13.	Prime	1					1%)	4	5	
	Sub Total	57	16		18	6			80		
	Total			97 contact ho	urs						
	Percentage	28	25	27	14	4	-		-	-	
	distribution										

ORGANIZATION OF MODULE

INTRODUCTION TO REPRODUCTION MODULE

By the end of this module the student of Ayub Medical College Abbottabad should be able to **build** adequate knowledge, attitude and skills to manage (Diagnose, Investigate, Treat, Refer, Prevent and Counsel) common reproductive system diseases. The **Aim** of reproductive Module is to define the scope of Knowledge/ Skills/ Attitudes of a second year medical student of the Basic Medical Sciences i.e. Anatomy, Physiology , forensic medicine& community medicine for the introduction to the Clinical Sciences and an **emphasis** on reproductive physiology understanding and abnormalities. Reproductive module is a 3 weeks' theme based module, followed by a block assessment. The contents of which will be taught in lectures, SGDs, DSLs and practical work. Reproductive module consists of the following themes:

Pregnancy and child birth 2 weeks

• infertility 1 week

RATIONALE

Reproductive –MODULE is developed in order to assist students when they come in more frequent and prolonged contact with patients in the 2rd year of the MBBS curriculum. The students are expected to know the main concepts of reproduction in all domains of learning and the skills gained in this module will help them deal with reproduction system related conditions especially in the fields of Internal Medicine, Gynecology, Forensic aspects, community aspects &Pharmacology of some important reproductive related group of drugs, Pediatrics and Surgical Wards in tertiary care hospitals.



General Learning Outcomes

By the end of this module the students would be able to;

Knowledge

By the end of five weeks module AMC second YEAR MBBS student should be able to;

- Utilize the basic knowledge of the gross and microscopic anatomy, the physiology and the relevant biochemical processes of reproduction in order to comprehend how this system works and what hap[pens in disease process,
- Diagnose common reproductive -related disorders based on knowledge of basic sciences and clinical data
- Discuss preventive aspects for reproductive related conditions

- Develop plan for prevention of common community diseases
- Understand what medications are available for treatment.
- Describe issues related to Forensic Medicine

Skill

By the end of Four weeks reproduction module the AMC student should be able to;

- Perform pregnancy test
- Physiology Pregnancy test
- Perform pregnancy test Histology Ovaries
- Describe the microscopic structure of ovaries under microscope Fallopian tubes
- Describe the microscopic structure of fallopian tubes under microscope Uterus
- Describe the microscopic structure of uterus under microscope Mammary glands
- Describe the microscopic structure of mammary glands under microscope Testes and Epididymis
- Describe the microscopic structure of Testes and Epididymis under microscope

Attitude

By the end of four weeks reproduction module the AMC student should be able to

- 1. Demonstrate ability to give and receive feedback, respect for self and peers.
- 2. Develop respect for the individuality and values of others (including having respect for oneself) patients, Colleagues and other health professionals
- 3. Organize& distribute task
- 4. Exchange opinion & knowledge
- 5. Develop communication skills and etiquette with sense of responsibility.
- 6. To equip themselves for teamwork
- 7. Regularly attend the classes
- 8. Demonstrate ethical self-management
- 9. Display compassion with patient and colleagues

Specific learning objectives (THEME BASED)

1. THEME-I: CHEST PAIN (1 week)

SUBJECT: ANATOMY TOPICS	S. No	Learning Outcomes
1.ANATOMY	1.	Describe the general features of bony pelvis
	2.	Differentiate between male and female pelvis
	3.	Classify the differences between true and false pelvis
	4.	Describe the gross structure, location and relations of uterus

	5.	Describe the blood supply of uterus
	6.	Describe the boundaries of pouch of Douglas/recto- uterine pouch and its clinical significance
	7.	Describe the gross structure, location and relations of
		Fallopian tubes
	8.	Describe the blood supply of Fallopian tubes
	9.	Enlist various support mechanisms of uterus
	10.	Describe the formation and components of broad ligament
	11.	Discuss the clinical correlates of uterus and fallopian tubes
	12.	Discuss the clinical correlates of uterus and fallopian tubes
	13.	Describe the blood supply of ovaries
	14	Name ligaments supporting the ovaries
Pelvic floor	15	Describe the general features of sacrum
	16	Describe the special features of sacrum
	17	Name the muscles making the pelvic floor
	18.	Describe their origin, insertion, nerve supply and actions of muscles of pelvic floor
	19	Describe the boundaries and contents of superficial
		perineal pouch
	20	Describe deep perineal pouch
	21.	List the boundaries and contents of ischio-rectal (anal)
		fossa
	22.	Give the clinical significance of ischi-orectal fossa
	23	Describe the development of uterus
	24	Enlist the various developmental Anomalies of uterus
	25	Describe the remnants of mesonephric and
	26	Parmesonephric ducts in females
	<i>26. 27.</i>	Describe the development of ovaries
	28.	Describe the development of mammary gland Enlist various developmental anomalies of mammary
	۷٥.	gland along with embryological reasons
Histology	29.	Describe the microscopic structure of uterus
501061	30.	Discuss the microscopic features of endometrium in
		different phases of menstrual cycle
	31	Describe the microscopic structure of ovary
	32	Elaborate the different stages of ovarian follicle
	33	Describe the microscopic features of inactive
		mammary gland

	34	Describe the microscopic features of mammary gland
		during pregnancy and lactation
PHYSIOLOGY	35	Describe the spermatogenesis
	36	Explain the function of prostate gland
	37	Describe the composition of semen
	38	Relate the functions of testosterone with its secretion
		and metabolism
	39	Describe the intracellular mechanism of action of
		testosterone
	40	Relate the control of secretion of testosterone with its
		congenital and acquired abnormalities
	41	Describe the monthly ovarian cycle
	42	Describe the effects of gonadotropic hormones on the
		ovaries.
	43	Describe the functions of estrogens
	44	Describe the functions of progesterone
	45	Explain monthly endometrial cycle
	46	Describe the role of hypothalamic and Pituitary
		ovarian system in controlling the female hormones
	47	Define puberty, menarche and menopause.
	48	Enumerate the changes produced in puberty
Physiological changes in	49	Describe the transport of fertilization ovum in the
Pregnancy		fallopian in the uterus.
	50	Explain the effects of HCG in causing persistence in
		pregnancy
	51	Describe the secretion of estrogen and progesterone
		by placenta
	52	Describe the functions of HCS
	53	Describe the maternal changes in pregnancy Describe
		the changes in maternal circulatory system during
		pregnancy
	54	Describe the development of breast during pregnancy
	55	Explain the process of parturition and involution of the
		uterus after parturition
	56	Explain the functions of prolactin
	57	Describe the ejection or "let down" of milk.
	58	Explain the composition of milk
Prematurity	59	Describe Growth and Functional Development of the
		Fetus
	60	Describe adjustments of the newborn to Extra Uterine Life
	61	Describe adjustments of the newborn to Extra Uterine
		Life
	62	Discuss Special Functional Problems in the Neonates
	63	Discuss Special Problems of Prematurity
Forensic medicine	64	Define abortion

	65	Describe the type of abortion
	66	Discuss criminal abortion and its complications
	67	Explain the findings of abortion in victims
	68	Describe the indications of therapeutic abortion
	69	Discuss criminal abortion and its complications
	70	Explain the findings of abortion in victims
	71	Describe the indications of therapeutic abortion
	72	Describe the steps of diagnosis of pregnancy
	73	Explain the medicolegal aspects of pregnancy
COMMUNITY MEDICINE	74	Describe the steps of antenatal and postnatal care,
		family planning and emergency obstetric care
	75	Describe the causes, impact and prevention of
		maternal mortality in Pakistan
	76	Explain the importance of breast feeding
General Surgery	77	Carcinoma of the Breast

THEME-II: 2 INFERTILITY (2 weeks)

SUBJECT/TOPI CS	S.NO	LEARNING OUTCOMES
ANATOMY		
Scrotum, Testes and male genitalia	78	Describe the anatomy of scrotum
	79.	Discuss the gross anatomy of testes
	80.	Describe the coverings and contents of spermatic cord
	81	Describe epididymis, ductus deferens and seminal vesicles
	82	Describe the clinical correlates of male genital system
Female external genitalia and vaginal canal	83.	Give the gross Anatomy of female external genitalia and vagina
Embryology	84	Describe the development of external genitalia in males
	85	Describe the development of external genitalia in females
	86	Discuss the developmental anomalies of male and female genitalia
	87	Describe the development of testis
	88	Name the factors responsible for decent of testis
	89	Discuss the decent of testis
	90	Describe the developmental anomalies of testes

	91	Discuss the development of epididymis, vas deferens and seminal vesica
	92	Describe the development of vagina
	93	describe the remnants of mesonephric and
		parmesonephric ducts in males
HISTOLOGY	94.	Discuss general microscopic structure of testes
	95	Discuss seminiferous tubules
	96.	Discuss different cells of seminiferous epithelium
	97	Define blood testes barrier
	98	Describe the microscopic structure of epididymis, ductus deferens and seminal vesicle
	99	Describe the microscopic structure of fallopian tube
PHYSIOLOGY	100	Describe the structure, secretion, mechanism of action, physiological actions and regulation of Testosterone
	101	Describe the hormonal changes occurring in puberty in males and females
	102	Describe the structure, secretion, mechanism of action, physiological actions and regulation of Estrogen and Progesterone
	103.	Describe the mechanism of Ovulation
BIOCHEMISTRY	104.	Discuss the chemistry of TESTOSTERONE, PROGESTERONE& ESTROGEN
	105	Describe the synthesis of these hormones
	106	Discuss the enzyme deficiencies and their manifestations
	107.	Describe the diagnostic role of 17-ketosteroids' excretion in urine
	108	Describe the classical and non-classical target organs of these hormones
	109	Describe the mechanism of action of these hormones and their receptors
	110.	Describe the metabolic functions of these hormones
	111.	Describe the regulation of these hormones especially by FSH & LH
	112	Discuss the manifestations of deficiency and excess of these hormones
	113.	Discuss the andropause and menopause
	114	Discuss the role of LHRH Agonists and antagonists as well as anti-androgens
	115	Discuss the role of 5a-Reductase Inhibitors
Pharmacology	116	Describe the types, mechanism of action and physiological effects of Estrogens and Progesterone
COMMUNITY MEDICINE	117	containing oral contraceptives Describe the types of STDs

	118	Describe the guidelines for the prevention and management of STDs
Gynaecology	119	Describe the causes, and investigations of female infertility
	120	Describe the etiology and investigations of male infertility
	121	Describe normal semen analysis
	122	Define oligo/azoospermia

PRACTICAL WORK

PHYSIOLOGY	Pregnancy test	Perform pregnancy test
ANATOMY	OVARIES	Describe the microscopic structure of ovaries under
		microscope
	Fallopian tubes	Describe the microscopic structure of fallopian tubes
		under microscope
	Uterus	Describe the microscopic structure of uterus under
		microscope
	Mammary	Describe the microscopic structure of mammary glands
	gland	under microscope
	Testis &	Describe the microscopic structure of Testes and
	epididymis	Epididymis under microscope



Examination and Methods of Assessment:

- Instruction:
- Block Assessment
 Block Assessment consists of

- Theory Paper(MCQs, SAQs) and
- Skill assessment (OSPE).
 - Non-Interactive/ Non-Observed Station:
 - Interactive/Observed Station
- Attendance Requirement:

More than 75% attendance is mandatory to sit for the examinations.

• INTERNAL: total 10% (24 marks)

Internal evaluation is a process of quality review undertaken within an institution for its own ends. 10% marks of internal evaluation will be added to final marks. This 10% will be based on

Marks obtained	Average of Percentage in Block exam and Pre Professional exam
In theory paper	
OSPE	

- Distribution of 13 Marks for block C
- <u>UNIVERSITY EXAM:</u> Exam has 90% (210) marks in total

Learning Opportunities and Resources

Instruction (if any)

Apart from these resource learning ,students can consult books available in library or recommended by the specialty experts.

Books:

Gross Anatomy	Netter`s "Atlas of Human Anatomy-6th Edition
	Gray`s Anatomy-4th Edition
	 Cunningam's "Textbook of Anatomy'-12th Edition
	Snell`s Clinical Anatomy by regions-9th Edition
	Snell's Clinical Neuroanatomy-7th Edition
	Last`s Anatomy-10th Edition
Embryology	Langman's Medical Embryology-14th Edition
	 The Developing Human "by Keith L Moore"-10th Edition
Histology	Textbook of Histology "by Leslie Gartner-3rd Edition
	 Basic Histology-Text and Atlas- "by Luiz Carlos-11th Edition
Physiology	Guyton`s "Textbook of Medical Physiology"-13th edition
	 Ganong's "Review Of Medical Physiology"-25th Edition
	 "Human Physiology-From cell to system" by Lauralee Sherwood-
	8th Edition
Biochemistry	 Harper`s Biochemistry-31st Edition
	 Principles of Medical Biochemistry-3rd Edition
	Lippincot`s Biochemistry-6th Edition
Pharmacology	 Katzung's Basic and Clinical Pharmacology-12th Edition
Pathology	 Robbin's Basic Pathology-9th Edition
Community	Community medicin by Parikh
Medicine	Community medicine by M Ilyas
	 Basic Statistics for the Health Sciences by Jan W Kuzma
Medicine	 Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine-22nd Edition
Clinical Examination	 Talley and O'Connor's Clinical Examination-6th Edition
Forensic Medicine	

Website:

Anatomy:

- http://files.readmedbooks.com/anatomy/netter-atlas-7.pdf
- file:///C:/Users/dell/Desktop/Gray's%20Anatomy-The%20Anatomical%20Basis%20of%20Clinical%20Practice%2041st%20Edition%20-%202015%20[MSCambo].pdf
- https://worldofmedicalsaviours.com/cunninghams-manual-of-practical-anatomy/
- https://ia802606.us.archive.org/16/items/pdfy-d-PFUmAhPcw_n7EV/snell%20clinical%20anatomy%20by%20regions%209th%20ed%2020 12 2.pdf
- http://med-mu.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/Snell-Neuroanatomy-7th-Edition.pdf
- http://files.readmedbooks.com/anatomy/lasts-anatomy.pdf

Embryology

- https://bhumikapalrocks.files.wordpress.com/2016/02/langmans-medical-embryology-12th-ed.pdf
- https://mymedicallibrary.files.wordpress.com/2016/08/the-developing-human-edition-8th.pdf

Histology

- file:///C:/Users/dell/Desktop/(Lib-Ebooks.com)150320212213%20(4).pdf
- file:///C:/Users/dell/Desktop/pdfcoffee.com_2002-basic-histology-by-luis-carlos-junqueira-text-amp-atlas-10th-edition-mcgraw-hill-appleton-amp-lange-pdf-free.pdf

Physiology:

- https://med-mu.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/Guyton-and-Hall-Textbook-of-Medical-Physiology-12th-Ed-PDFtahir99-VRG.pdf
- https://medicostimes.com/guyton-medical-physiology-pdf/
- https://ia903208.us.archive.org/23/items/GanongsReviewOfMedicalPhysiology25thEdition/Ganongs%20Review%20of%20Medical%20Physiology_%2025th%20Edition.pdf
- https://worldofmedicalsaviours.com/medical-books/mbbs/physiology/sherwoodhuman-physiology.pdf

Biochemistry:

- file:///C:/Users/dell/Desktop/harpers-illustrated-biochemistry-28th-edition.pdf
- http://repository.stikesrspadgs.ac.id/69/1/Principles%20of%20Medical%20Biochemistry %20Meisenberg%20Simmons-635hlm.pdf
- https://worldofmedicalsaviours.com/medical-books/mbbs/biochemistry/lippincotts-Illustrated-reviews-series.pdf

Pharmacology:

https://pharmacomedicale.org/images/cnpm/CNPM_2016/katzung-pharmacology.pdf

Pathology:

• file:///C:/Users/dell/Desktop/robbin-basic-pathology-9ed-medicforyou.pdf

Community Medicine:

- https://drive.google.com/file/d/1kG_04GUfxSOxsdRaucxJ-jykVgc-BZT0/view
- https://barlybeltatimen.wixsite.com/charratttisri/post/ilyas-ansari-community-medicine-book-free-46
- https://psebooks.club/-/readerroman/#/flow=gHqRV5+cdn.bkfd4.club/q=Basic%20Statistics%20for%20the%20Health% 20Sciences/

Forensic medicine:

 https://www.ojp.gov/ncjrs/virtual-library/abstracts/parikhs-text-book-medicaljurisprudence-and-toxicology-classrooms

Medicine:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B8VbbFBwhaS8a2ZlaXllMGNwMmc/view?resourcekey
 =0-cJj3WGul40Avx4G5U1gX2A

Clinical Examination:

https://www.docdroid.net/mQ9vDWs/talley-and-oconnors-clinical-examination-8th-edition-pdfdrivecom-pdf

Teaching and learning strategies:

The following teaching / learning methods are used to promote better understanding:

- Interactive Lectures
- Hospital / Clinic visits
- Small Group Discussion

- Skills session
- Self-Directed Study

Interactive lectures:

An interactive lecture is an easy way for instructors to intellectually engage and involve students as active participants in a lecture - based class of any size.

• Hospital / Clinic visits:

In small groups, students observe patients with signs and symptoms in hospital or clinical settings. This helps students to relate knowledge of basic and clinical sciences of the relevant module.

• Small group discussion (SGD):

Students learn from each other. Everyone gets more practice at expressing their ideas. A two way discussion is almost always more creative than individual thoughts. Social skills are practiced in a 'safe' environment e.g. tolerance, cooperation.

• Skills/Practical session:

Skills relevant to respective module are observed and practiced where applicable in skills laboratory or Laboratories of various departments.

• Self-Directed learning (SDL):

Self-directed learning, which involves studying without direct supervision in a classroom/Library, is a valuable way to learn and is quickly growing in popularity among parents and students. Students' assume responsibilities of their own learning through individual study, sharing and discussing with peers, seeking information from Learning Resource Centre, teachers and resource persons wi thin and outside the college. Students can utilize the time within the college scheduled hours of self-study.

Assessment tools:

Theoretical knowledge is tested by a written examination system constituted by multiple choice questions (MCQ/SEQs).

The assessment of practical knowledge involves oral, spot, or objective structured practical examinations (OSPE).

Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ/SEQs):

- Multiple choice questions (MCQ/SEQs) are a form of assessment for which students are asked to select the best choice from a list of answers.
- MCQ/SEQ consists of a stem and a set of options. The stem is usually the first part of the assessment that presents the question as a problem to be solved; the question can be an incomplete statement which requires to be completed and can include a graph, a picture or any other relevant information.
- The block exam will comprise of 120 MCQ/SEQs and will be compiled according to the shared blueprint.

Short Essay Questions (SEQ)

Short answer questions generally ask for brief, text-based responses and may also be referred to as *fill-in-the-blank*; or *completion* questions.

Objective Structured Practical Examination (OSPE)

- The content may assess application of knowledge, or practical skills.
- Student will complete task in define time at one given station.
- All the students are assessed on the same content by the same examiner in the same allocated time.

A structured examination will have observed, unobserved, interactive and rest stations. Observed and interactive stations will be assessed by internal or external examiners.

Unobserved will be static stations in which students will have to answer the questions related to the given pictures, models or specimens the provided response sheet.

Rest station is a station where there is no task given, and in this time student can organize his/her thoughts.

The Block OSPE will be comprise of 16 examined station and 6 rest stations. The stations will be assigned according to the shred blueprint.

Timetables

AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE, ABBOTTABAD

Department of Medical Education

TIME TABLE OF 2nd YEAR MBBS CLASS FOR THE SESSION 2024

BLOCK (REPRODUCTION I MODULE)

WEEK (01)

Days		8:00 – 10:00	10:00 - 11:00	11:00 – 12:00	12:00 – 12:45	12:45 – 1:15	01:15 - 03:00
Monday	Batch-B: Ph Batch-C: Bi	istology (Biochem lab) nysiology ochemistry elf Directed Learning	Biochemistr y LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Gross Anatomy LH-2		Pak. Studies LH-2
Tuesday	Batch-B: Hi	iochemistry istology (Biochem lab) elf Directed Learning hysiology	Biochemistr y LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Gross Anatomy LH-2		Pharmacology LH-2
Wednesday	Batch-C: Hi	nysiology elf Directed Learning istology (Biochem lab) iochmeistry	Medicine LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Histology LH-2	Prayer Break	Physiology LH-2
Thursday	Batch-A: Self Directed Learning Batch-B: Biochemistry Batch-C: Physiology Batch-D: Histology (Biochem lab)		Biochemistr y LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Medicine LH-2		Batch-A: Dental College Hall-1 Batch-B: Dental College Hall-2 Batch-C: LH-1 Batch-D: GCR
Friday	Islamiat LH-2	Com. Medicine LH-2	Embryology LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Paediatrics LH-2		Off

LH: College Lecture Hall, GCR: Girls Common Room Dental College: New Dental College Building

Asstt. Prof. Dr. Alruba Taimoor Block Coordinator

AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD TIME TABLE OF 2nd YEAR MBBS CLASS FOR THE SESSION 2024 BLOCK (REPRODUCTION I MODULE) WEEK (02)

Days	8:00 – 10:00	10:00 – 11:00	11:00 – 12:00	12:00 – 12:45	12:45 – 1:15	01:15 - 03:00
Monday	Batch-A: Histology (Biochem lab) Batch-B: Physiology Batch-C: Biochemistry Batch-D: Self Directed Learning	Biochemistry LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Neurosurgery LH-2		Physiology LH-2
Tuesday	Batch-A: Biochemistry Batch-B: Histology (Biochem lab) Batch-C: Self Directed Learning Batch-D: Physiology	Biochemistry H-2	Physiology LH-2	Gross Anatomy LH-2	Prayer	Physiology LH-2
Wednesday	Batch-A: Physiology Batch-B: Self Directed Learning Batch-C: Histology (Biochem lab) Batch-D: Biochmeistry	Biochemistry LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Histology LH-2	Break	Batch-A: Dental College Hall-1 Batch-B: Dental College Hall-2 Batch-C: LH-1 Batch-D: GCR
Thursday	Batch-A: Self Directed Learning Batch-B: Biochemistry Batch-C: Physiology Batch-D: Histology (Biochem lab)	Pak. Studies LH-2	Physiology LH-2	PRIME LH-2		Batch-A: Dental College Hall-1 Batch-B: Dental College Hall-2 Batch-C: LH-1 Batch-D: GCR
Friday	Islamiat Com. Mr. Aftab Medicine LH-2 LH-2	Embryology LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Medicine LH-2		Off

LH: College Lecture Hall, GCR: Girls Common Room Dental College: New Dental College Building

Asstt. Prof. Dr. Alruba Taimoor Block Coordinator

AYUB MEDICAL COLLEGE ABBOTTABAD TIME TABLE OF 2nd YEAR MBBS CLASS FOR THE SESSION 2024 BLOCK (REPRODUCTION I MODULE) WEEK (03)

Days	8:00 – 10:00	10:00 – 11:00	11:00 – 12:00	12:00 – 12:45	12:45 – 1:15	01:15 - 03:00
Monday	Batch-A: Histology (Biochem lab Batch-B: Physiology Batch-C: Biochemistry Batch-D: Self Directed Learning	Biochemistry LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Pharmacology LH-2		Pak. Studies LH-2
Tuesday	Batch-A: Biochemistry Batch-B: Histology (Biochem lab Batch-C: Self Directed Learning Batch-D: Physiology) Biochemistry LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Gross Anatomy LH-2		Batch-A: Dental College Hall-1 Batch-B: Dental College Hall-2 Batch-C: LH-1 Batch-D: GCR
Wednesday	Batch-A: Physiology Batch-B: Self Directed Learning Batch-C: Histology (Biochem lab Batch-D: Biochmeistry	Biochemistry	Physiology LH-2	Histology LH-2	Prayer Break	Batch-A: Dental College Hall-1 Batch-B: Dental College Hall-2 Batch-C: LH-1 Batch-D: GCR
Thursday	Batch-A: Self Directed Learning Batch-B: Biochemistry Batch-C: Physiology Batch-D: Histology (Biochem lab	Biochemistry LH-2	Physiology LH-2	Medicine LH-2		Batch-A: Dental College Hall-1 Batch-B: Dental College Hall-2 Batch-C: LH-1 Batch-D: GCR
Friday	Islamiat PRIME LH-2 LH-2	Embryology LH-2	Physiology LH-2	PRIME LH-2		Off

LH: College Lecture Hall, GCR: Girls Common Room Dental College: New Dental College Building

Asstt. Prof. Dr. Alruba Taimoor Block Coordinator

The timetables for the module will be shared via Edmodo and the notice boards in advance.

For inquiry and troubleshooting



Course Feedback Form

Course Title:						
Semester/Module Dates:						
Please fill the short questionnaire to make	e the course better.					
Please respond below with 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5	, where 1 and 5 are explained.					
THE DESIGN OF THE MODLUE						
• Were objectives of the course clear to you	ı? Y N					
• The course contents met with your expec	tations					
l. Strongly disagree	Strongly agree					
• The lecture sequence was well-planned						
l. Strongly disagree	Strongly agree					
The contents were illustrated with						
l. Too few examples	Adequate examples					
 The level of the course was 						
l. Too low	5. Too high					
The course contents compared with your	expectations					
l. Too theoretical	Too empirical					
The course exposed you to new knowledge	ge and practices					
l. Strongly disagree	Strongly agree					
Will you recommend this course to your or	olleagues?					
l. Not at all	Very strongly					
THE CONDUCT OF THE MODLUE						
The lectures were clear and easy to under	rstand					
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree					
The teaching aids were effectively used						
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree					
The course material handed out was adec	quate					
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree					
The instructors encouraged interaction are	nd were helpful					
l. Strongly disagree	5. Strongly agree					
• Were objectives of the course realized?	Y N					
Please give overall rating of the course						
90% - 100% () 60% - 70% ()					
80% - 90% (50% - 60%					
70% - 80% () below 50% ()					
Please comment on the strengths of the	course and the way it was conducted.					

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Please comment on the weaknesses of the course and the way it was conducted.	
Please give suggestions for the improvement of the course.	
Optional - Your name and contact address:	
	Thank you!!